

OFF THE TRACK

AND HILL—FAMILY HOTEL; APPOINT
electric cars to all points. **THOS. PASCO**

DURRANT TESTIFIES.

THE PRISONER MAKES A GOOD IMPRESSION.

He Denies That He Killed Blanche Lamont or Had Any Hand in the Tragedy.

When Asked Concerning His Presence at Dr. Cheney's Lecture He Becomes Confused.

The Supreme Court on Coronado Beach's Debarment of an American Baby Born Near the North Pole—Southern California Road.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—Theodore Durrant, assistant superintendent of the Emanuel Baptist Church Sunday-school, was placed on the witness stand today for the purpose of convincing the jury selected to try him that he did not murder Blanche Lamont in the belfry of the church on April 3 last.

With the same coolness that has characterized his conduct since his arrest, he denied the principal allegations that have been made against him by the most important witnesses for the prosecution. His answers were always brief and to the point, and by many were interpreted to mean that he was studying his part well before taking the stand. Only once during the course of the direct examination did he show any nervousness or hesitancy. When Attorney Dickenson asked him to testify to the fact that he had been present at Dr. Cheney's lecture on the afternoon of April 3 he cast his eyes toward the floor and for a moment was silent. He replied that he had taken notes, but that they were very brief. The hesitancy of the prisoner may be understood when it is explained that Dr. Cheney is a well-known and popular lecturer, and that Durrant's most intimate friends, who testify that Durrant asked to borrow his notes of the lecture, have been unable to find them. Durrant explained that he only needed the notes to establish a good alibi. Graham refused the request.

Taken together, Durrant's direct testimony, which ended at 3 o'clock, when the cross-examination began, probably had a tendency to strengthen his case. His demeanor while on the witness stand was certainly intended to impress the jury with the opinion that he was telling the truth. Questions that Durrant had to answer gave him a visible impression upon a guilty man were answered by Durrant with the utmost unconcern. He testified that he never saw Lamont on April 3 or at any other time, he murdered or participated in murdering Blanche Lamont, the prisoner coolly replied in the negative.

A significant feature of the testimony was the fact that while Durrant was telling of several times when he had been to a prayer-meeting held on the evening of April 3, Mrs. C. G. Noble, Blanche Lamont's aunt, shook her head several times and made statements which she had positive knowledge were not correct. Durrant did not look at Mrs. Noble while she was testifying.

The purpose of the defense to curtail cross-examination as much as possible, was shown when Dist. Atty. Barnes asked the first question. Durrant asked if he was not born at Toronto, Can., on April 24, 1871. Attorney Deuprey objected to the question. He said that Durrant had no knowledge of the subject and any belief that he might have been based on hearsay. The objection was sustained, and the prisoner gave an affirmative answer. Several other equally unimportant questions were objected to and the defense succeeded in most cases were overruled.

It was the original intention of the defense to recall Charles T. Lenahan this morning and move the case about the occasion upon which he tried to pawn a ring at Oppenheim's shop. Lenahan contradicted himself so many times yesterday that the defense upon his testimony, and this morning he did not respond to his name when called in court. An attachment was made out for Lenahan, and he was found an hour later, he was placed in the charge of the Sheriff in order that he might be found when needed. Meantime, however, Durrant was called to the stand.

The examination of Durrant was begun with questions relative to his age and his early life in this country. He went down to the day upon which Blanche Lamont was murdered, the prisoner was asked to relate his movements from the time he left his home on the morning until he returned at night. He said he met Miss Lamont on her way to school and saw her enter the college until 10 o'clock when he and another student for a walk. When he returned an hour later he went to the library, where he was engaged in his studies until noon. Then he went to the lecture. He denied named Diggs and returned at 1 o'clock. After luncheon Durrant remained in the library until 3:30 o'clock, when he attended Dr. Cheney's lecture. He said he was present at the roll-call at the close of the lecture and answered to his own name.

At the close of the lecture, Durrant said, he boarded a street car and rode to Emanuel Church for the purpose of repairing the sun-burner. He denied that he was accompanied by Blanche Lamont or anybody else. Upon entering the church he found George King and vest in the library. He took the necessary tools and ascended to the gallery. A blackboard was provided and Durrant began to write on it. The church and its tall spire to illustrate the manner in which he made the repairs. He said to make the repairs it was necessary to use a long pole. He said he was on a plank with his head much lower than his feet. While in this position he said he was looking at the sun-burner when he was made ill. To illustrate the manner in which the gas escaped, Durrant took a burner and, descending to the jury-box, explained the construction of the burner to the jury.

After repairing the burner, Durrant said he descended to the auditorium where he found George King playing on the organ. King remarked that Durrant looked pale. Durrant replied that King would be in the same condition if he had been nearly overcome by escaping gas. At Durrant's request King bought some bromo-seltzer, which the prisoner drank. The medicine made him feel better and at 6 o'clock Durrant left the church in company with King. He went out of his way two blocks to converse with King, after which they separated and Durrant went home to dinner.

Durrant said he felt ill and ate but little. In the evening he attended a prayer-meeting at Emanuel Church. He saw Mrs. Noble and asked her if Blanche was coming to the prayer-meeting. Mrs. Noble replied that she did not believe her niece would be present. He related a number of other minor incidents in connection with the conversation with Mrs. Noble, who evidently did not endorse his statements from the fact that she shook her head several times. At the close of the service, Durrant said, he went home and retired.

The story of Durrant's movements on April 3 being told, Attorney Deuprey called the attention of the witness to the extra lock on the library door, to which only Durrant and King had keys. Durrant said he placed the lock on the door to protect the library, as the other

lock was defective. He said he never knew until after his arrest that there was a box of tools in Pastor Gibson's study. When shown the hatchet found in the belfry beside Blanche Lamont's body, he said he had never seen it before. In refutation of the statements of several witnesses that Durrant wore an overcoat on April 3, the prisoner said he did not wear an overcoat during the month of April.

The next move on the part of the defense was to show that Durrant did not enter Pawbrosch's. Oppenheim's shop for the purpose of pawning Blanche Lamont's ring. Oppenheim testified that Durrant came to the shop between 10 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon of some day between April 3 and April 11. The defense endeavored to establish an alibi covering the period. Durrant told where he was on each day and in three instances produced notes of lectures which he said he attended at Cooper Medical College.

Durrant denied that on the afternoon of April 3 he was at the corner of Powell and Clay streets, as testified to by Mrs. O'Connell. He also denied the statements of the three school girls who testified that Durrant and Blanche Lamont rode toward the corner of Clay street and rode toward Marryat street. He said he did not ride on a west-bound Valencia-street car with Blanche Lamont, as testified to by Mrs. Croset. He said he was never in Oppenheim's pawnshop.

"Did you, upon April 3, in San Francisco, California," asked Attorney Deuprey, "inflict any violence upon Blanche Lamont, or did you kill or participate in killing her?" Durrant replied that he did not, and the direct examination was at an end. The cross-examination, which lasted only an hour before court took a recess until tomorrow, was confined to questions relative to the life of Durrant prior to April 3. The prisoner told at length of the important part he had taken in the affairs of Emanuel Baptist Church. He said he had attended services at the church three times every Sunday and twice each week for a year ago. He was chosen assistant superintendent of the Sunday-school.

INTOXICATING WATER.

C. B. Russell's Livestock and Poultry Gets Tipped—He Gets Tired.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

OAKLAND, Oct. 9.—C. B. Russell owns a ranch which borders on the banks of the San Lorenzo Creek and he also owns a number of head of horses and cows and a large number of chickens, ducks and geese. Up the creek toward the town of Hayward there is a brewery owned and run by P. Butti. John Rooker, and the brewers have been in the habit of throwing their refuse malt and other beer leavings in the creek.

The water is, therefore, changed color and the quality was also altered to such an extent that Russell's horses and cattle were visibly affected. They were becoming drunk and the chickens and ducks reeled about with jollity after partaking of the rippling water of the stream. At last Russell forbade the farmers using the creek for their waste and complained to the brewers. They could not understand how beer could hurt water and they did nothing. Russell then took the matter to the court in the Superior Court asking that the brewers be perpetually enjoined from throwing their refuse into the waters of the creek.

DISHONORABLE STUDENTS.

Investigation into the Theft of Library Books at Berkeley.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

BERKELEY, Oct. 9.—The committee of the Associated Students of the University of California selected for the purpose of taking action in behalf of the student body concerning the thieves who have been stealing books from the library during the past year from the university library has been named. The committee has power to ask the faculty to keep the names of the students who have been stealing books from the library, which seems to be a tribute to the impartiality of the press. The members are: W. Stuedemann, president of the Associated Students; J. H. McCulloch and Flaherty of the editorial staff of the Occident; J. H. Dam, '96, a correspondent of the Occident; and J. H. McCulloch, '96, a member of the committee. All are seniors, which fact will be perceived to have significance.

It is whispered around the university that the names of the students who have been stealing books from the library are being kept by the faculty to be a list of the most popular men in the university. The greatest care is being taken to keep the names of the students who have been stealing books from the library out of the newspaper. A doubt is expressed whether the faculty will, after all, give out the names of any accused student to the committee without further inquiry. One student has been known to take several books in the room of a fellow student and return them to the university library, but this was done with so much care that the name of the guilty party in this case was not known.

SUFFERING TAXPAYERS.

Complaints Made Against the Southern California Railroad.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—At a meeting of the Railroad Commissioners this afternoon it was decided to hold sessions of the board at San Diego on the 28th of this month and at San Jacinto on the 21st. This determination was made in response to a complaint that had been sent to the commission. One was from taxpayers of Riverside county, complaining that since February 22, last, the Southern California Railroad Company of San Diego had been operating its line from Barstow to San Diego because of a washout. Several miles of its track had been destroyed and the company had refused to reconstruct it, although it had secured its franchise on condition that it give a continuous train service between the points named. The other petition was from merchants of San Jacinto, asking that the Southern California Railroad Company be required to reduce its passenger rates from 4 to 3 cents per mile between San Jacinto and San Bernardino. The board thought it could better pass upon these matters by visiting the points from which the complaints came, and hearing testimony there. It ordered the secretary to notify the petitioners of its coming.

BORN NEAR THE POLE.

An Interesting Baby Owned by a Sealing Captain.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—On Herschel Island, 800 miles from Sitka, Alaska, as a bird flies, there has been born an American baby. It would be an interesting baby if it were of native parents, for it is the first northern-born baby yet known. Herschel Island is no farther from the North Pole than San Francisco is from Mazatlan. The story of the birth of this northernmost of American babies was brought by the captain of the steam tender Jeanie. It seems that Capt. Sherman and his wife passed one winter at Herschel Island, and Mrs. Sherman was quite used to the midnight sun of the summers, and the long darkness of the winters as well. There was great to-do about the birth of the baby. There were four women at Herschel Island to dole the little one. They were the wives of whaling captains. The whalers, most of whom had been away from home for more than eighteen months when the baby was born, were greatly interested in the event.

and sent many presents to the happy mother. This happened to be a clergyman of the Church of England at the camp. He had been sent to that odd corner of the globe as a missionary, his name being Rev. Mr. Bringer. With all the formality that was possible on the barren island he christened the infant Helen. Rev. Mr. Sherman and the baby has taken very kindly to the mild, but perpetual daylight of the summer at Herschel Island, and bids fair to thrive through the long and dull winter months. Its playthings are made from whalebone, and its cradle was cut from pieces of wreckage by a ship's carpenter.

THE BANK COMMISSIONERS.

Scored by the Grand Jury of Merced County.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

MERCED, Oct. 9.—The State Bank Commissioners' trouble continues to grow. Last night W. N. Sherman, acting as a non-resident brother who is a depositor, wrote to the commissioners the Bank Commissioners with having virtually neglected to perform the duties pertaining to their office, in this: That the Bank Commissioners, and each of the members, have been given the opportunity to do so, did not, up to the last day of September, 1895, ascertain that the bank was unable to fulfill all its obligations. Since then they have failed to continue business as hereinbefore alleged.

On this complaint Judge Law this morning issued a subpoena, requiring Commissioners Kilburn, Fuller and McGee to appear in the Superior Court here on October 15 and answer the charges and show why they should not be deprived of their offices. The grand jury, in its report tonight, says that the commissioners and directors of the Merced Bank, who are charged with criminal intent and that if the Bank Commissioners had done their duty, the depositor would not now have any complaint to make. After the jury had been discharged, one of the jurymen said privately that the Bank Commissioners would have been indicted had not the other prosecution been commenced against them yesterday.

THE HAWAIIAN CHOLERA.

Sixty-eight Deaths to October Second—Frank Godfrey Tarred.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—Steamer Australia, from Honolulu, under date of October 2, brings news that in the past fortnight only two cases of cholera have been developed. The record to date is eighty-eight deaths. Only two whites succumbed to the disease. The natives made the work of the physicians harder by refusing to report the cholera cases until the victims were dead or dying. The Board of Health finally made house-to-house visitation and inspection after which the city was thoroughly cleaned and the cholera cases only been two new cases and the danger is considered as passing.

The cause of the cholera on the islands is attributed to poisoned fish. The majority of cases were taken from houses bordering on the stream from which the fish were taken and eaten by the natives. The two whites who died attended a native feast and ate raw fish. The natives circulated the story that native cholera patients were buried alive. Frank Godfrey, a white, formerly a newspaper man, suspected as the author of the story, was tarred and feathered. Godfrey was taken to the United States Minister, Minister Frank Hatch is expected to leave for Washington in November to relieve William R. Castle as Hawaiian Minister to the United States.

WAS THERE ANOTHER WILL?

A Trust Company Takes Up Jesse Sheldon Potter's Case.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—A new complication has been added to the contest of the will disposing of the 900 estate of the late Mrs. Charles L. Potter by the filing of a petition by the California Safe Deposit and Trust Company to have the will now before the Probate Court declared invalid. This action is on behalf of Jesse Potter, Mrs. Potter's son, who is a resident of the trust company reiterates the charges of undue influence and unscrupulousness made by Potter in his contest, and says that the true will of Mrs. Potter executed in 1882, names the California Safe Deposit and Trust Company as trustee for the payment of bequests amounting to \$100,000. These bequests are paid, the trust company was to have turned over to Potter the remaining \$300,000 of the estate. The petition also charges that the trust company, which is now in custody of Attorney Bishop, has refused to return the California Safe Deposit and Trust Company to Jesse Sheldon Potter, the will executed by Mrs. L. Potter in 1882 is not in existence. "That will," Attorney Bishop said, "was taken by Mrs. L. Potter and Mrs. L. herself destroyed it."

CORONADO BEACH'S DEBT.

The Supreme Court Affirms the Decision of the Lower Court.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—The Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of City of San Diego vs. Coronado Beach. The suit was brought to adjust the amount of the funded indebtedness of the city of Coronado Beach, which had been expended for the city's water system. The lower court held that as all the money secured by the bonds was spent by the city proper and not a dollar was expended for the water system, the latter place should not pay any of the indebtedness. The Supreme Court affirms the decision.

THE NEVADA BANK.

Annual Election of Officers—The Net Profit of the Year.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—The annual meeting of the Nevada Bank was held today. The election resulted in the appointment of the old officers and board of directors: Isaias W. Hellman, president; John P. Bigelow, vice president; D. B. Davidson, cashier; and George Grant, assistant cashier. The directors chosen are: John W. Mackay, Isaias W. Hellman, Robert Watt, H. D. Jones, J. P. Bigelow, Henry F. Allen, John P. Bigelow, Lewis Gerstle, C. de Guigne and D. N. Walter. The net profit of the year amounted to \$231,778, which, after deducting the regular quarterly dividends, allowed a handsome addition to the reserve fund.

TRAGEDY AT SACRAMENTO.

Len Harris's Son Shot by His Wife's Escort.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 9.—A very serious shooting affair took place at Tenth and N streets, opposite the Capitol, at 11 o'clock tonight, and it will, no doubt, result in the death of one of the participants. A young man named L. L. Callendine was out walking with his wife, Mrs. Harris, when he was met by a man, who he started to escort her home. At Tenth and N streets he saw a man coming and exclaimed, "Oh, there comes Jack. He will kill me." The man proved to be Harris, and as soon as he came up he began shooting at his wife and then turned the weapon

upon Callendine. The latter drew a pistol and began shooting at Harris. One of Harris's bullets struck Callendine in the right hand, crushing the bones. One of his bullets struck Harris in the stomach, causing what is believed to be a fatal wound. Harris was taken to a hospital and officers sent for at midnight to take his dying statement.

WIN HOP'S LOSS.

Money and Life Taken in a Chinese Woman's Den.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

STOCKTON, Oct. 9.—Win Hop, a Chinese doctor, died late this afternoon under circumstances which point to murder, and a Chinese woman named Yuen Sun is suspected of the murder. He was found in a room of the woman's house unconscious, stripped of money and jewels, which he was known to have had when he entered the place. The doctor's body was found in a room which a short time ago another man was found under similar conditions has led to the belief that both were murdered by the woman. An autopsy will be held in the morning.

CHURCHMEN AT MERCED.

Work of the Pacific Synod Yesterday Chiefly Routine.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

MERCED, Oct. 9.—The Pacific Synod has done little today but routine work. After roll-call this morning the officers of the synod announced the appointment of various committees. The Synodical Sunday-school Association occupied the afternoon. Excellent papers were read on various subjects. The Synodical Sunday-school Association this evening the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year: President, Mrs. J. M. Peoples of San Francisco; Secretary, Mrs. D. D. Dacker of Lemoore; Treasurer, Mrs. B. F. Whittemore of Mountain View.

Of an Irresponsible Age.

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 9.—This afternoon, in the Superior Court, Judge Henderson and Johnson, sitting in banc, heard the habeas corpus proceedings brought by Maj. W. A. Anderson to secure the release of Roy Gould, the six-year-old fire-bomb maker.

The major contended and produced decisions to back up his contention that the boy was of an irresponsible age. The judge said Gould was a twelve-year-old child, and that he was not a fire-bomb maker. He ordered his release. San Francisco's White Elephant. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—So the new City Hall has cost the taxpayers of this city \$4,225,000. There is yet a great deal of work to be done on the building, and \$1,515,000 more will be required to finish it.

PLOTS FROM HIS CELL.

DR. MEYER CONSPIRES AGAINST A MAN'S LIFE.

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NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The World today says that Warden Sage of the State Prison at Sing Sing has discovered evidence almost conclusive that Dr. Henry F. C. Meyer has been planning another murder since he was sent to prison for life for poisoning Ludwig Brandt. The crime that he is believed to have plotted is similar to the killing of Brandt and for a similar purpose, that of receiving life insurance money. This money, if gained, was to be used to effect the old doctor's release from prison. The evidence consists chiefly of letters and memoranda found in Meyer's cell. These have been placed in the hands of the superintendent of prisons, Gen. LaThorpe.

It seems almost certain that Meyer since his incarceration has been able to send letters underground to his wife and other persons outside the prison. In these letters he is alleged to have given his accomplices directions how to get the desired policy of insurance on the proposed victim's life and carry out the rest of the plan. There have been several masons and other citizen mechanics employed inside the prison walls during the summer and autumn, and that some of these have afforded the prisoner means of communication for his outside accomplices.

Some time ago Meyer handed a letter to the prison captain to be mailed. It was written in German and addressed to Mrs. Meyer. In it he said that on a certain day he would send an "underground" letter wherein he would give the "prescription" to be used. From references in this letter it was made clear that the prisoner had sent other letters through the underground channel. Then Warden Sage ordered Meyer's cell to be searched. The keepers found letters, memoranda and other proofs which gave the authorities a clew to the great crime.

A Tramp and an Editor.

MERCED, Oct. 9.—After a session of three weeks, the grand jury filed its report this afternoon and was discharged. They found two indictments, one against a tramp for burglary, the other against C. D. Radcliffe, editor of the Evening Sun, for criminal libel. Radcliffe published an article charging Superior Judge J. K. Law with moral cowardice and with shirking official duty. Radcliffe claims he can prove every statement made in the article, and says the publication was made solely for the purpose of getting the facts before the public.

THE CALM BEFORE A STORM.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 9.—The representatives of the six powers are today still waiting for a definite reply to the identical communications recently handed to the Turkish government on behalf of their respective governments, and asking for reforms in Armenia. Suggestions, semi-official notes and visits of the government officials to the envoys of the powers have not brought the desired results, and the Turkish government seems to be delayed by a quibble between the two powers, and the patience of the European governments is becoming exhausted, and definite action upon their part may shortly be expected. All view of the continued receipt of their communications, but the distinct categorical reply of the Turkish government seems to be delayed by a quibble between the two powers, and the patience of the European governments is becoming exhausted, and definite action upon their part may shortly be expected.

The silence of the Porte under the circumstances is not generally understood. No reply has been made to the request of Sir Philip Curzon, British ambassador, made shortly after the massacre, that he be allowed to visit the prisons in which the Armenians are held, and to take their depositions for transmission to the various European governments interested.

A CONFLICT AT TREBIZONDE.

TREBIZONDE (Armenia), Oct. 9.—Serious conflicts between the Turks and Armenians occurred here yesterday. Many Armenians were killed.

The Turks were armed, and the number of troops present here is few. No attempt was made to stop the massacre of the Armenians. In fact, it is stated that soldiers took part in the slaughter and in the pillage which accompanied it.

VENTURA RACES.

Favorites Walk Away with All the Stakes Once More.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

VENTURA, Oct. 9.—(Regular Correspondence.) The speed programme provided by the Agricultural Association attracted a big crowd today. There were double the number of paid admissions over the opening day. The track was in fair condition but slow, weather fine and the racing gave general satisfaction, as the favorites were liberally backed and won every race on the card. Advance betting was brisk on the Silkwood-Waldo J. race, which is on the card for tomorrow. Summary of today's races as follows: First race, running, three-quarter-mile dash, purse \$300, 4 starters: Metesta first, Howard second, Lorena third; time 1:17. Second race, special, running, five-eighths-mile dash, purse \$200: Huene first, Metesta second, Gracie third; time 1:02. Huene outclassed the field and won as he pleased. It was a very popular win as the colt was bred in this county. Third race, trotting, 2:40 class, purse \$300: Coalcut first, Belle Wilson second, Coalcut won in straight heats, shutting out the field in the first heat; time 2:31, 2:27, 2:27. The mixed pace, 2:30 class, unfinished from Tuesday, went to Montecito boy in straight heats; time 2:44. Wilkes first, Montecito second, boy third. Silkwood was scratched for the free-for-all race on account of lameness.

BENT ON DYING.

A County Jail Prisoner's Attempts at Suicide.

Hendel, the crazy prisoner at the County Jail who tried to hang himself in his cell about a week ago, made a second attempt on his life Tuesday night. The first time he tried to hang himself. This time he made a rope by tearing up his bedclothes, and had well nigh strangled himself therewith, when a turnkey making his rounds discovered him and cut him down. A prisoner named Bell, who was asleep in the cell, had not heard of Hendel's preparations to shuffle off. Sheriff Burr is convinced that Hendel is insane, and he has tried to find some means by which he can be sent to the madhouse, but there is no provision for such a contingency in the code. The law provides a means for taking insane persons out of the State prison, but the section does not apply to prisoners in county jails.

The Sheriff will therefore keep Hendel until the expiration of his term, provided he can prevent him from killing himself. This is a task that the sheriff is not likely to find easy. Hendel is a decided suicidal mania, and will have to be watched constantly to prevent him from carrying out his designs. Hendel was sentenced from Pasadena for assault with a deadly weapon, for six months, about five of which remain unexpired.

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DON'T DELAY—But—SMOKE A Captain Marryat Cigar .. TODAY..

Finest Beyond Question.

HARBURGER, HOMAN & CO.

New York, Makers.

AFRAID OF WHITTIER.

FEAR CAUSES A GIRL TO LEAVE HOME.

Harsh Treatment and Threats of a Brutal Father Induce a Pomona Girl of Fourteen to Seek Work in Los Angeles.

Lodged last night in the County Jail, under the motherly care of Mrs. Hurr, was poor little Emma Ostrander, a pretty young girl of fourteen who fled yesterday from her home in Pomona, in deadly fear of a man so harsh and brutal that "father" is a sad misnomer for him.

Ostrander is a respectable and well-to-do citizen of Pomona, but according to their story his cruel treatment of his two little daughters has driven one to leave her home in Pomona, in deadly fear of a man so harsh and brutal that "father" is a sad misnomer for him.

Yesterday Ostrander went to the station at Pomona and gave notice that his older daughter, Emma, had left her home, and that he wished to have the officers of the lookout for her in every direction. He said that he had discovered the two children trying to sell their school books at a book store, and, suspecting that they were trying to get money to enable them to run away, he had collared them and taken them home, where he had given the little twelve-year-old girl a severe thrashing, but the older one had escaped and could not be found.

Assistant District Attorney Williams heard the description of the girl and promised to look out for her along the line. Sure enough, at Spadra, she boarded the train, carrying a cloak and valise, and was found by Williams, who finally made her own that she was the runaway girl, although at first she denied it strenuously. He brought her on to Los Angeles, and gave her into the charge of Mrs. Burr.

The child's story is, that she and her sister were planning to run away from home, in the hope of finding some place to stay where they would not be in daily fear of cruel beatings and threats of the reform school. Their mother is kind to them, but they fear their father's severity and violent temper. He asserts that they are ungovernable because they are friendly with some girls of whom he does not approve, and threatens them with Whittier.

The older girl has a dread and horror of the reform school as an irreparable disgrace. To use her own words in pleading to be taken care of, "if I am sent back, my father will never let me go. I don't want to go to Whittier. I am not the kind of person they send there and I don't want to be disgraced. I am willing to work and I want to work and live right. I never did anything wrong, and I never went with anybody that was bad. Those girls my father says were bad, they taught me any wrong, and I didn't think it was wrong to go with them."

"The girls were most severely kept, and harshly punished for every trifling fault. When their life became unbearable, they planned to run away, and were trying to raise a little money on their school books when they were caught. Their father took them home and beat the younger girl with a heavy stick, and severely threatened the older one with a whipping, and she was covered with bruises, and was unable to raise her arm to her head after the thrashing. Ostrander then went down town to get a cowhide for the more adequate punishment of Emma, but she had never walked the three and a half miles to Spadra in an hour and ten minutes, arriving in time to catch the train.

She had only a dollar in her possession, and 90 cents of that went for her ticket. Her only idea seemed to be to escape. Arrived here, she meant to search everywhere for employment and to trust to luck. She will be taken care of until the matter can be brought up in court.

Two Base Nobles.

LINERS.

TO LET—

TO LET—ALL NEW AND ELEGANTLY furnished outside rooms, with or without bath, roomy dining rooms, and private baths in city. HOTEL JOHNSON, adjoining Westminster Hotel, 123 S. Main, between Broadway and 2nd St.

TO LET—NICE FURNISHED, SUNNY rooms, single or en suite; bath, housekeeping privileges; first-class; also pleasant rooms for gentlemen. NEALSON, 311 S. 11th St.

TO LET—ALL PERSONS DESIRING furnished rooms or board please call at room 217, BYRNE BLDG., cor. Third and Broadway. Save time. Information free.

TO LET—NICE FURNISHED, SUNNY rooms, with housekeeping privileges; also pleasant rooms for gentlemen. 228 N. GRAND AVE., cor. 1st and 2nd Sts.

TO LET—IF YOU WANT FURNISHED rooms, it costs nothing to get full information of all localities in the city. Room 41, BYRON BLOCK, 123 S. Main.

TO LET—THE "PITILE," ALL NEWLY furnished, sunny rooms, single or en suite, 405 S. BROADWAY, opp. Chamber of Commerce.

TO LET—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED room, single or en suite, in a new house, with gas, and bath. 123 S. Main.

TO LET—LOS ANGELES ROOM-RENTING CO. has a number of rooms for rent, 123 S. Main, between Broadway and 2nd St.

TO LET—A FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, large, with bay window, to gentleman; 1 block from downtown. 123 S. Main.

TO LET—ONE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, suitable for 2, with bath, in private family. 123 S. Main.

TO LET—NICE FURNISHED SINGLE rooms for gentlemen within easy walking distance from business center. 222 W. 8th St.

TO LET—A HANDSOME SUITE, CHEAP, also several bedrooms, from new house, new furniture; modern. 409 SEVENTH.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; also furnished rooms, 1 block from downtown. 123 S. Main.

TO LET—FINEST ROOMS IN THE CITY AT GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL, 123 S. Main, between Broadway and 2nd St.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED, 2 NICE ROOMS in a new house near 3rd of cars, best part of the city. 123 S. Main.

TO LET—A NICE FURNISHED, SUNNY room, with bath, suitable for 2 gentlemen; reasonable rent. 123 S. Main.

TO LET—FLATS IN THE VICKERY BLOCK, rooms in the Vickery Block, 601-603 N. Main at R. G. LUNT, 227 W. Second St.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLE or en suite; housekeeping; 123 S. Main, between Broadway and 2nd St.

TO LET—PLEASANT ROOMS WITH HOUSE-keeping privileges; 123 S. Main, between Broadway and 2nd St.

TO LET—NICE FURNISHED, SUNNY room, with bath, suitable for 2 gentlemen; reasonable rent. 123 S. Main.

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TO LET—

TO LET—IN CHOICE NEIGHBORHOOD, NO. 2430 E. Flower st., near Adams, a pretty 12-room house in perfect order; shade, gas, electric, lawn and flower garden. Inquire at 123 S. Main, between Broadway and 2nd St.

TO LET—GOOD 3-STORY, 8-ROOM HOUSE, large lawn and flower garden, on Boyle Heights, close to car line; rent \$20, with water. J. W. BROWNING, 202 N. Main.

TO LET—PLATS IN THE BEAUTIFUL NEW modern Deacon Falls, on W. Eighth st., bet. Grand and Hope sts.; rent reasonable. F. J. PIERCE & CO., 108 S. Broadway.

TO LET—TO DESIRABLE TENANT ONLY, new 8-room house, 353 S. Flower st.; every thing modern and convenient. Inquire at 851 FLOWER ST.

TO LET—OR FOR SALE, A FINE 8-ROOM cottage with bath. Call on 1237 GEORGEIA BLVD. ST. Rent to adults only. 10

TO LET—6 ROOMS, BATH AND GAS, on large lot; all modern conveniences; low rent. W. W. COR. FIRST and HOYLE AVE.

TO LET—ELEGANT RESIDENCE OF 12 rooms, the best in the city; for 2 families; only. CALKINS & CLAPP, 106 S. Broadway.

TO LET—ELEGANT 11-ROOM HOUSE, OFF. furnished, 1237 S. Flower st.; modern and beautifully decorated. BRADSHAW BROS.

TO LET—10-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODERN conveniences, 1237 S. Flower st.; modern and beautifully decorated. BRADSHAW BROS.

TO LET—30 FURNISHED HOUSES, ALL sizes and prices, from \$25 to \$200 per month. E. H. CRIPPLEN, owner, 222 W. Fourth.

TO LET—MODERN 10-ROOM HOUSE, 403 S. Flower, apply to HOUSE or COUL-ter, corner of 1st and 2nd Sts.

TO LET—MODERN 10-ROOM HOUSE, large bath, choice locality. A. PHILLIPS, excursion office, 123 S. Spring st.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE, beautiful 6-room cottage, close in, south-west. Address P. O. BOX 320, city.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE OF 6 ROOMS, with all modern improvements. Key at 851 FLOWER ST.

TO LET—A NEW 5-ROOM HOUSE, SECOND floor, 1237 S. Flower st.; modern and beautifully decorated. BRADSHAW BROS.

TO LET—5-ROOM HOUSE, COR. W. WASHINGTON and LEON AVE.

TO LET—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO LET—A NICE FURNISHED, SUNNY room, with bath, suitable for 2 gentlemen; reasonable rent. 123 S. Main.

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THE WEATHER.

DAILY BULLETIN.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 10, 1895. At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.95; at 5 p.m., 29.91. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 59 deg. and 63 deg. Maximum temperature, 73 deg.; minimum temperature, 53 deg. Character of weather, partly cloudy.
Barometer reduced to sea level.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
WEATHER BUREAU. Reports received at Los Angeles, Cal., on Oct. 9. GEORGE F. FRANKLIN, Observer. Observations taken at all stations at 3 p.m., 7th meridian time.

Place of Observation.	Bar.	Ther.
Los Angeles, cloudy	29.91	63
San Diego, cloudy	29.92	64
San Luis Obispo, clear	29.92	63
Presidio, clear	29.93	63
San Francisco, partly cloudy	29.93	66
Eureka, clear	29.93	66
Portland, clear	29.93	63

The Games

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The Orange county sugar-beet-growers will organize to protect themselves against an attempt to reduce prices.

Santa Monica authorities have now completed the preliminary legal steps, and have \$40,000 of 5 per cent. sewer bonds to sell. The place proposes to improve its sanitary condition.

Redlands orange-growers have taken steps to organize a branch of the Southern California Fruit Exchange. The association starts in with a representation of about twenty carloads, but it is expected that others will later fall into line, and that this number will be greatly increased.

The Supervisors of Kern county must be getting childish. They officially refuse to send an exhibit to the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, because they heard that disparaging remarks were made here about that county. Whoever it was who said anything against Kern county has a terrible responsibility on his soul.

Another example of the home training which fills the Reform School with hardened children is shown in the case of the little Pomona girl who is now in the County Jail, having run away from home to escape Whittier. A little patience and affection might go a long way toward reducing alleged "ungovernable" children to reason, and an improved home-training in many cases would considerably lighten the expenses of the State.

There is a restaurant not a mile from the corner of Spring and First streets whose proprietors have been very active upholders of labor unions of every description, and the place has consequently been selected as the scene of gastronomical gatherings whenever the labor "leaders" have come to work their jaws on something tangible. The proprietor even went so far as to refuse The Times a place on his tables, for fear of offending his guests of the boycott stripe. This is now changed, and all because the manager of the restaurant—the New York Kitchen—had the presumption to hire a non-union cook. The waiters gave him the choice of discharging the objectionable individual or dispensing with their valuable services. To their astonishment he chose the latter course, and so the boycotters have taught another employer that their friendship is more to be feared than their enmity.

BACK TO LINE.

Unusual Proceedings Ended on East First Street.

The tearing away of the front of the building on East First street between Wilmington street and the corner of Main street, owned by L. F. Dehail, has been commenced.

The widening of the street was made to conform with the widening of the street.

This work marks the termination of an unusual series of proceedings. Steps for widening First street between Los Angeles and Wilmington streets were commenced about three years ago.

Mr. Dehail's building projected so that if the street were widened as proposed the front of it would be in the street. He was willing to have the street widened provided the widening were made to include First street between Main and Los Angeles streets, but not otherwise.

In spite of his objections the proceedings were carried through, but on account of some technicality were defeated in the courts. Meantime, separate proceedings for widening First street between Main and Los Angeles streets were started, and while they were in progress new proceedings were inaugurated for widening between Los Angeles and Wilmington streets.

The widening west of Los Angeles street was accomplished, but for the passage of the final ordinance. When this ordinance was voted on in the City Council enough votes for its passage were recorded in favor of it, but one of the members changed his vote and the widening was defeated.

Notwithstanding the fact that First street between Main and Los Angeles streets was to remain in its present narrow condition, the proceedings for widening east as far as Wilmington street were prosecuted to conclusion and an attempt by Mr. Dehail to defeat them in the courts was unsuccessful.

Mr. Dehail was allowed damages and has commenced the work of moving back the front of his building.

"It's a Well-known Fact
That we lead in fine engraving and Hurd's fine stationery, because we give it our entire attention.

THE CENTURY ENGRAVING CO.,
No. 233 South Spring street.
45 MINUTES TO SANTA ANA.

The Santa Fe will run a fast race special Los Angeles to Santa Ana next week each day of the races. This train will leave Los Angeles at 10:15 a.m. and reach Santa Ana at 11 o'clock. Returning, it will leave Santa Ana at 6:15 p.m., October 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19. Round trip, \$1.40.

CARBONIC ACID OAR.
Is the product of combustion. That is what is produced in gas grates and is deadly poison. For health put in F. E. Browne's Furnace. No. 314 South Spring street.

DR. S. H. TOLHURST, DENTIST.
Has reopened his office in the Fred Byrne Block, Third and Broadway.
INSTRUCTION given at day and evenings at Central Park Cycles, No. 518 South Hill street, between Fifth and Sixth.

QUERY. Which buggy is the best in the world for the money?
Answer. The Columbus Buggy Co.'s buggy.
Query. Who sells them?
Answer. Hawley, King & Co.

DR. WARD, room 218 Byrne Block.
TOP buggies 115 at Hawley, King & Co.'s.
DR. Annie R. Hammett-Davison, Dentist, No. 209-210 Stimson Block.

ORANGE-GROWERS.

THE EXECUTIVE BOARD HAS DECIDED TO INCORPORATE.

Full Text of an Anonymous Circular Which is Being Privately Circulated for the Purpose of Injuring the Exchange.

A meeting of the executive board of the Southern California Fruit Exchange was held yesterday afternoon in the offices of the board in the Phillips Block, on Spring street, in this city. The meeting was largely attended.

The question of incorporating the executive board of the exchanges, which has been under discussion for some weeks past, was brought to a conclusion at yesterday's meeting. It has been decided to incorporate the executive board under the laws of the State of California. It is the opinion of the representatives of the exchanges that incorporation will facilitate the workings of the organizations and enable the board to incorporate to exercise a more direct control over all transactions. All representatives of the exchanges present signed the articles of incorporation. They will be forwarded at once to the Secretary of State at Sacramento that the certificate of incorporation may be issued.

The Committee on Incorporation then reported in amended form the contract to be used between the executive board and the several exchanges, and it was adopted unanimously. As soon as the articles of incorporation have been filed, contracts, in accordance with the form adopted, between the executive board and the exchanges will be made out and executed.

A form of contract to be entered into between the executive board and the eastern district representatives was also agreed on. Copies of this last will be sent to those members of the board who are now on their way to the East, and they have been asked to return them to the executive board for final approval.

The attention of the executive board was then drawn to an anonymous circular which is being privately circulated among all the orange-growers of Southern California. The text of the circular, which is addressed "to the orange-growers of Southern California," indicates clearly that it is being circulated for the purpose of persuading orange-growers who are not yet members of the exchanges from joining. After some slight discussion over the circular and the object for which it was being distributed, the executive board reached the conclusion that it was not necessary to make any answer to it or take action on it. The following is the text of the anonymous circular:

THE CIRCULAR.

"To the Orange-Growers of Southern California: The executive board of the Southern California Fruit Exchange has issued a circular dated September 19, 1895, together with a memorandum outlining a new plan for marketing oranges the next season. The latter may be summarized as follows: That they have withdrawn from the position previously occupied by them, of selling the fruit of the exchange f. o. b. California, and that hereafter they will consign all fruit to the Eastern market, sell it as best they may, either by private sale, or through the auctioneer, or by other means, as the executive board may see fit; and from this memorandum we further gather that the executive board is to have full control, as to the handling, shipping and selling of the fruit owned by the members of the Southern California Fruit Exchange."

"In view of the power assumed by this executive board we may now consider the circular which they issue, it being the result of last season's operations. They offer two reasons for their want of success in last year's business, when the destruction of the Florida crop could have made an excellent market for the oranges grown in California. These excuses are, first, the depressed business conditions prevailing throughout the country, and second, the enormous importations of oranges from the Mediterranean. While the facts are that, as far back as March of last year, the price of a palatable and reliable fruit in the East, and good prices could have been secured, but the executive board started out to charge prohibitory prices, which brought about the condition which was named as the second excuse, viz.: the enormous importation of oranges from the Mediterranean. It is unquestionably a fact that the executive board taken the position on the 1st of April, that they were forced into later on, not one-tenth of the Mediterranean fruit that did come into our Eastern market would have been landed, but as they kept week after week advancing the price in California, the Eastern buyers found that it was impossible to sell the fruit at the rates asked for, and made arrangements to supply their customers with a foreign article."

It is also a fact that but for the folly of the executive board for the Southern California Fruit Exchange, nearly 3000 carloads of oranges should have been sold in the month of April instead of about 300. Thus throwing away the best month in the whole year and allowing the foreign fruit to get a foothold, which, later on, cost the orange-growers of Southern California an enormous sum to dislodge, completely breaking the market, which never recovered."

The executive board further states that "When the fruit was coming in such quantities as to flood the markets, we put a representative of the exchange on the Atlantic seaboard to check the incoming tide from abroad."

The truth regarding this is that it was not until six weeks after the foreign fruit had flooded the Eastern market, and when the cream of the season was gone, they did start their Eastern representative, as stated, but the supply of foreign fruit was then getting poor in quality, and the supply dwindling, so that as before stated, they practically delivered the Eastern market into the hands of the foreign merchants, showing neither business foresight nor acumen. Another example of the steady state door after the flood is the stable door after the flood."

They claim great things for the new plan of handling the fruit this season, but it is submitted whether the result to the orange-growers will be any more satisfactory, the executive board having practically adopted the plan that is being circulated for the purpose of injuring the exchange, on account of its perishable nature, has to be consigned and sold rapidly, whatever may be the condition of the market. They thus throw away the advantage that citrus fruit-growers have over the growers of deciduous fruit, viz.: that of being able to hold their crop and supply the market as required. This has always been considered a great advantage.

The executive board also throw away the benefit to be derived from f. o. b. California sales, and simply notify the Eastern buyers that it is quite unnecessary for them to send their money here and quite unnecessary for them to come here.

Eastern money and Eastern visitors have heretofore received a hearty welcome, and we think the executive board of the Southern California Fruit Exchange are the only people who feel otherwise. While comparisons are usually considered odious, we may mention that the growth of Florida has been because of the amount of Eastern money that has been paid on the ground for the crops, and the competition among the Eastern buyers,

and there is no reason why the same condition might not exist in California, but for the position taken by the executive board of the Southern California Fruit Exchange. One other serious objection that has been mentioned by the fruit-sellers in the East is that the exchanges' method of dumping the products of all groves together has a tendency to depreciate the total, as the poor fruit in this case is never "leveled up," and the good fruit is invariably leveled down.

Different Eastern markets can use different grades of fruit, and consequently, if buyers came here and bought the fruit f. o. b. California, without having the brand of the exchange thereon, they could buy what class of fruit they wished, but with the exchange method, they cannot buy the products of the groves they want, but must take whatever the exchange is willing to give them. Thus, the orange-grower that spends time and care and attention in producing his fruit, gets no more than his neighbor, the careless farmer.

If, as in Florida, this market was open to the Eastern man who had his money in hand, the attentive grower would be recognized for his care, and the best fruit would invariably get the top prices, much in excess of anything that could be expected for fruit being handled through the exchanges. There is no question but that California fruit could be sold f. o. b. California, nor is there any doubt that all of the fruit that will mature in California this season can be sold f. o. b. California, provided the executive board of the Southern California Fruit Exchange immediately recede from the position that they have taken—that of telling the buyer to keep himself and his money at home.

Oranges have never before, either in Florida or California, been handled in the way the executive board suggest, and because their lack of business capacity has been a failure of this plan for the Southern California Fruit Exchange. It does not prove that their new method will result any more satisfactorily the ensuing year.

All the Comforts of Home.

And the luxuries of a palace are to be had at

Hotel del Coronado.

FOR \$21 you can have your railroad fare paid both ways and stay a whole week.

CORONADO AGENCY.

No. 129 N. Spring Street, Los Angeles.
(Santa Fe Ticket Office.)

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The orange-growers of California should carefully investigate the conditions that at present exist, before signing any agreement with the executive board of the Southern California Fruit Exchange. Consider whether it is to their best interest to sell in California, or be at the mercy of a combination that have made a failure of it in the past, and a combination that have given out that they will destroy all opposition.

We want Eastern money here—we want Eastern men here. We want all the buyers we can get, right on the ground.

Surely it must be apparent that the plan of the Southern California Fruit Exchange to consign the fruit for sale in the East, must be detrimental to the interest of the California fruit-grower. Before signing the contract presented by the Riverside Fruit Exchange, read carefully their plan of marketing your crop for the coming season and note particularly articles one, three, five, seven, eight and ten.

Licensed to Wed.
John Taylor Blackburn, aged 54, a native of England, and Catherine Tait, aged 52, a native of Ireland, both residents of Los Angeles.

Thomas Patton Robertson, aged 22, a native of Canada, and Kathleen Elizabeth Pillsbury, aged 20, a native of Massachusetts, both residents of Los Angeles.

Herbert S. Hopkins, aged 23, a native of New York and a resident of Pueblo, Colo., and Lottie Belle Shoup, aged 22, a native of Pennsylvania and a resident of Los Angeles.

George W. Youst, aged 24, a native of California, and Maude Cray, aged 19, a native of Iowa, both residents of San Fernando.

William Lawrence Carberry, aged 21, a native of California, and Lorena May Adamson, aged 20, a native of Oregon, both residents of Los Angeles.

Oliver F. Wood, aged 34, a native of Pennsylvania and a resident of Norwalk, and Mrs. Matilda E. Patton, aged 34, a native of Texas and a resident of Downey.

A Postoffice Burglary.
The case of Frank A. Young, charged with burglary at the Naples postoffice in Santa Barbara county, was called in the United States District Court yesterday morning. The defendant asked to have an attorney appointed to defend him. A continuance till this morning for pleading was granted.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.
Genuine Wellington coal for one week \$10.50 per ton. Coleman Coal Company, room 29, Temple Block, telephone 138.

An Xmas Present.
It is usually de bonis to think of those things, but if you wait much longer that next live-room cottage, No. 148 Rich street, will be sold. You'd better think of giving that to the wife of your choice. Price \$150—\$250 cash and \$20 a month. A small share for more cash. Langworthy Co., No. 228 South Spring.

BEST assortment of vehicles—Hawley, King & Co.
FOR LAWNS, grass seed, fertilizers and mowers, Wm. Curren & Son, 121 S. Main st.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

Most Perfect Made.
40 Years the Standard.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE.

239 South Broadway

Opposite City Hall

BETTER BLACK GOODS.

Pick up any of the half hundred styles shown here and you will find a texture, dye and finish that are vastly ahead of the ordinary article. Careful buying does it for you, for us; and the prices are on the low level.

- Brocade Lustre—
Extremely good value at..... 30c
- Heavy Sicilians—
Ranging in price from 75c to..... \$2.00
- Storm Serges—
The very best..... \$1.50
- And as cheap as 35c;
An extra good one for..... 50c
- Figured Mohair—
In all the new designs, at 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c and the best at..... \$1.00
- Cheviots, "Mohair finish"—
At 75c, 85c, \$1.00, and the very best at..... \$1.35
- Jacquard Suitings—
Beautiful patterns in Crepons and the newest Boule..... \$1.00

Boston DRY GOODS Store.

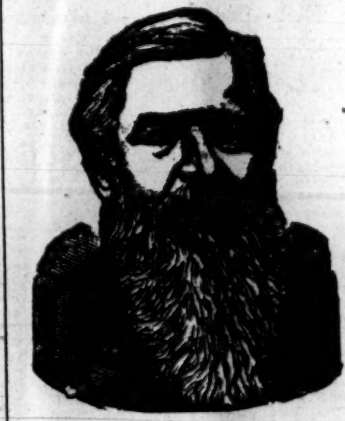
IT'S MONEY SAVED

To use Harrison's "Town and Country" Paints. They go farther—look better and wear longer than any paint made. For sale here only.

P. H. MATHEWS, N.E. Cor. Main and 2d.

When Others Fail Consult DR. LIEBIG & CO

NO. 123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.



Not a dollar need be paid UNTIL CURED.

We cure the worst cases of CATARRH in two to three months. Special Surgeon from San Francisco Dispensary in constant attendance. Examinations with microscope, including analysis. FREE TO EVERYBODY. The poor treated free from 10 to 15 Friday. Our long experience enables us to treat the worst case of wasting drain with ABSOLUTE CERTAINTY OF SUCCESS. No matter what your trouble is, come and talk with us. You will not regret it.

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Cardigan

And Stockinet Jackets for men. Our assortment is large—no difficulty in finding your size. If you don't know how full of warmth these garments are, you should try one of our

Jackets.

MULLEN, BLUETT & CO.,

101 N. Spring St.,

201, 203, 205, 207, 209 W. First St.

BANNING CO.,

222 SOUTH SPRING STREET, LOS ANGELES

Dealers in Imported and Domestic

Coal, Cement and Catalina Marble and Soapstone.

Agents for SANTA CATALINA ISLAND, also for W. T. Co.'s Ocean Excursion Steamers Tugs, Yachts and Pleasure Launches.

J. T. SHEWARD,

113-115 North Spring Street.

A few things of special interest to you. New goods at prices that are very attractive.

Carriage Parasols that are marked to sell for \$3.00 go to \$2.00 to fill in until our new arrival at the \$2.00 price. Only a few and the price made to save the trade on the \$2 article.

Umbrellas that were \$3 go to \$2; another price met with higher cost goods. We sell more parasols and umbrellas for \$2 than any other price. This is the first price that sells out.

Handkerchiefs—A manufacturer's samples of fine embroidered goods, 25c in place of 50c; 25 different styles and all new rich goods.

Windsor Ties—A new lot today. Two popular prices; 25c for 50 styles, 50c for 10 styles. Bows for the boys 25c in a good assortment of colors.

Spool Silk, black only, 100 yards to the spool, 3c a spool.

We will make a special display of capes today for \$6 and \$8.50.

Real plush capes with the full sweep, \$7.50.

Fine fur capes, made full and long, \$7.50.

Elegant cloth capes, \$10.

New millinery; all the new shapes with the latest things in trimming. Prices very much under the regular figures.

Wool Facinators, new today, 25c, 40c, 50c, 75c, \$1.

Childrens' Cloaks from \$1 and up to \$6. All new this morning.

Lots of new ribbons.

Six button mousquetaire kid gloves, 79c; real value \$1.50.

Newberry's.

A GOOD CUP COFFEE

Is a great satisfaction. Those who have used our GOLD SEAL COFFEE are loud in its praise. It is a perfect blend of the Finest Maudslayi Java and Mocha. TRY IT.

216 and 218 South Spring St.

BARKER BROS.

DEALERS IN

Furniture, Carpets, Etc.

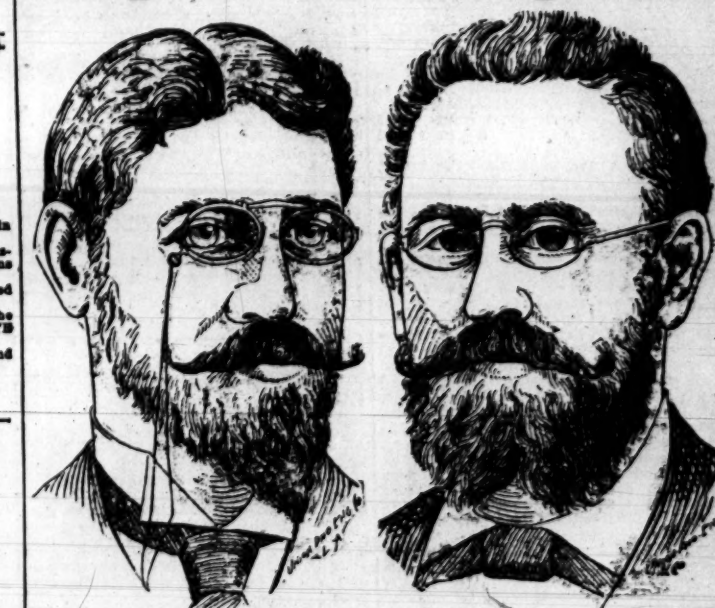
250-252-254 S. SPRING ST.

Telephone 981.

Los Angeles, Cal.

Masters in Medicine.

Help for the Helpless.



The English and German SPECIALISTS.

If the doctor you have is curing you, stick to him; but if you are not getting any better try the German and English Specialists. Their wonderful skill baffles diseases where all other physicians have failed to give relief.

The English and German Specialists do not treat free. Their charges are moderate, and they bring to your assistance the highest medical skill of two worlds.

If you want to be cured consult

The English and German Specialists,

CONSULTATION FREE.

Byrne Building, Cor. Third and Broadway.



Watch.

Our Bulletin Board.

Something New Every Day in Prices.

OFF A VAUGHN DRUG CO. Corner Fourth and Spring.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

FIRE COMMISSIONERS WILL PUT A STOP TO EXTRAVAGANCE.

Jury Impaneled and the First Witnesses Examined in the Ervington Trial.

The Bar Association Meets and the Courts Adjourn Out of Respect to Judge Brunson.

A Belgian Artist Committed to Highland-Bruno Laventhal Gets Two Years in Prison for Every Year Held to Answer.

The City Council yesterday transacted its routine business, left over from the session on Monday. The deed the last school site, on Sixth street, was received. The report of the City Engineer was received, the report including a description of Mr. Campbell's record visit to Cincinnati, and his attendance at the convention of the American Society for Municipal Improvement.

At the Courtroom yesterday the afternoon was quiet through the entire Superior Court having adjourned out of respect to the memory of Judge Brunson. A meeting of the Bar Association was held in the morning for the purpose of drafting resolutions of respect to the late Judge. The first witnesses were examined in the Ervington murder trial, the jury being all impaneled before noon.

AT THE CITY HALL.

CITY COUNCIL.

Routine Business Transacted Yesterday by the Council.

The City Council met in adjourned session yesterday to transact the business left over from the session on Monday. The report of the Sewer Committee, Finance Committee and the Board of Public Works were received and adopted. The draft of a contract with Gilbert Webb to furnish barley to the fire department was approved, as was the salary of Clark A. Paxton, recently awarded street-railway franchises, were received and filed. A final ordinance to improve Vernon street between Sixth and Seventh streets was adopted. The City Attorney presented the deed of the Nordhoff property on East Sixth street recently purchased as a school site.

The following communication was received from W. D. Gould, a large property-owner in the Beaudry-avenue district: "I am of the opinion that the proceedings in the Beaudry-avenue Figueras-street district are legal. The petition was for all of the streets named in the district and all of the grades have been changed and the petitioners conform to each other, and a majority of the frontage signed the petition. A street should be constructed in this case to mean the street. The statute provides that all parties can have their day in court; that all parties can protect and have hearing; that all parties shall be notified; that the proceedings thus had shall be final. All this has been done and is conclusive and final. I think that the petition should be signed and the work proceeded with."

President Teed called the attention of the Council to the inequality in the salaries paid to the various city engineers. He gave notice that he would submit in the near future a proposition to remedy the present state of affairs. Upon the recommendation of the Supply Committee the City Engineer was allowed to employ two surveyors at \$4 a day for the month of October.

MOTIONS.

Motions were made in the Council as follows:

By Councilman Savage, that the Superintendent of Streets be instructed to place a curb on the east side of Lyons street. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

By Councilman Fessell, that the petition of A. W. Jones in remission of Tenth street be taken from the files and referred to the Board of Public Works. Adopted.

By Councilman Kinney, that the Street Superintendent be requested to clean out the gutter on the east side of Main street between Ninth and Tenth streets. Adopted. Also that the City Attorney be instructed to bring in an ordinance for the straightening of Sixteenth street between Hope and Figueroa streets, and the City Engineer to furnish a description of land to be taken and vacated. Adopted. Also that the Street Superintendent be instructed to fill up chukholes on Seventh and Grand avenues and on Seventh and Pearl streets. Adopted.

By Councilman Snyder, that the Street Superintendent be instructed to clean out the gutter on the east side of Main street between Ninth and Tenth streets. Adopted. Also that the City Attorney be instructed to bring in an ordinance for the straightening of Sixteenth street between Hope and Figueroa streets, and the City Engineer to furnish a description of land to be taken and vacated. Adopted. Also that the Street Superintendent be instructed to fill up chukholes on Seventh and Grand avenues and on Seventh and Pearl streets. Adopted.

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Summit avenue to the center of Michigan street. Adopted.

"An ordinance of intention to improve Towne avenue from Fifth to Sixth street, said improvement to be made under the bond act, J. herewith present an estimate of the probable cost of said work per front foot on each side of said street, amounting to \$2 per foot. Adopted.

"An ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Douglas street from Pasadena avenue to the south line of lot 5, block 7, Hamilton tract. Adopted.

"An ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Chestnut street from Pasadena avenue to the south line of lot 5, block 7, Hamilton tract. Adopted.

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chian testimony the court adjourned until 10 o'clock a.m. today.

IN HONOR OF JUDGE BRUNSON.

Bar Association Meets and Superior Court Adjourns.

A meeting of the Bar Association was held yesterday in Department Six of the Superior Court, to do honor to the memory of the late Judge Anson Brunson. Upon motion of Judge McKinley Hon. H. J. King, Esq., presiding, the chairman of the meeting, and Le Compté Davis, Esq., secretary, Judge Van Dyke moved that a committee of five be appointed to draft resolutions of sympathy and respect, and, later in the day, Judge Clark announced the committee chosen to be: Hon. Walter Van Dyke, Hon. William A. Cheney, Hon. J. W. McKinley, B. W. Lee, Esq., and J. King, Esq. The resolutions framed will be presented today.

In order that proper respect might be observed toward the memory of the deceased jurist, all departments of the Superior Court were closed yesterday afternoon, all the cases in hand being adjourned until today. Judge Smith announced that, as it was imperative that the murder trial now going on in Department One should be finished this week, night sessions would be held, if necessary, to make up for the time lost.

SAW THE DEVIL.

The Strange Delusion of an Unfortunate Artist.

A painful scene took place yesterday in the corridor of the Courtroom, when H. Delacour, a Belgian artist, just committed to Highland by Judge McKinley, broke away from the officers and tried to reach his two children. He was instantly grasped by Under Sheriff Clement and Deputy Sheriff Woodward, but he struggled violently, praying for strength to resist his captors, and his wild shrieks were terrible to hear. His wife and the two little boys, who were in the corridor, and wild confusion prevailed until the unfortunate man was picked up bodily and carried down stairs to the police station.

Delacour is a man of good birth and education, but symptoms of insanity began to show about a year ago, when he began to believe that he was league with the devil, and of possessing great hypnotic power which he used for evil purposes, living a life of wicked dissipation, and making a mockery of his family and making devil of her four children. He even asserts that he once saw the devil in person, conversing with his wife, and imparting to her the secrets of the world. He describes his Satanic Majesty as a well-dressed, polished gentleman of about thirty-five, dark-complexioned, smooth-shaven, with very handsome and attractive, but with fiery eyes.

Mrs. Delacour seems to be heartbroken over the plight of her husband, and took his committal greatly to heart, much as she had reason to fear him. The insane man was ordinarily quiet and reasonable, except for his fixed delusion, but he was furiously jealous and suspicious of his wife, whom he had shadowed by detectives for some time.

The complaint was sworn to by Detective Officer Wright, and several witnesses established beyond a doubt the dangerous insanity of the unfortunate Belgian, in spite of his quiet, well-bred manner.

Given Fifty Dollars Damages.

W. K. Dial was in court yesterday as plaintiff in a suit for \$299 damages against the Southern California Railroad Company, for ejectment from a piece of land on the Redondo narrow-gauge, and presented it on the Santa Fe standard-gauge train. It was refused, and upon appeal to the court, the company put off the train, and had to walk in from Inglewood. Judge Shaw awarded him damages in the sum of \$50.

Rheinstrom Remanded.

The petition of J. Rheinstrom for release on a writ of habeas corpus was yesterday heard by Judge Smith and denied, the defendant being remanded to custody, and the bail fixed at \$500.

Two Years in Folsom.

Brullo Laventhal, charged with larceny of a horse and buggy, yesterday withdrew his plea of guilty, entered the plea of guilty to the charge, as charged, and was sentenced to Folsom for a term of two years.

New Suits.

Suit has been begun by the county of Los Angeles and Amanda E. Bailey vs. Leslie R. Hewitt et al. to quiet title, enforce contract of sale, and to recover \$5000 damages.

George A. Pearson has begun suit against William H. Van Doren and J. S. Van Doren to recover \$4400 on a note and mortgage.

George W. Hodgman has brought suit against G. L. Dean, the Blade Publishing Company, the First National Bank of Los Angeles, and Sherman Smith, to recover \$150 on promissory note.

Andres Bercechoa yesterday filed a suit against J. Marion Brooks et al. to quiet title to a lot in the Domingo Block.

J. Q. Hutton has begun suit against John P. Early and C. H. Bradley, to recover \$660 on a promissory note.

J. J. Burke has filed a petition for insolvency. Liabilities, \$58.85; assets, nothing.

Etta Matthews has begun suit for a divorce from her husband, Charles E. Matthews, on the ground of cruelty.

Amelia J. Jewell has applied for a divorce from George F. Jewell, on the ground of extreme cruelty.

Deborah K. Bascom yesterday filed an application for divorce from Charles M. Bascom, on the ground of desertion.

William H. Nuss has applied for a divorce from Ellen C. Nuss, on the ground of desertion.

Petition for probate of will has been filed by Fannie E. Stowell and Edward T. Howe of Pasadena, with regard to the estate of Alexander Stowell, valued at about \$50,000.

Court Notes.

Upon motion of the District Attorney, the case against the three boys, Johnson, Toogood and Vecheer, accused of stealing two goats, was yesterday discontinued by Justice Young.

A complaint for insanity was yesterday sworn out against Mrs. Isabel Tenner, a victim of homicidal and suicidal mania.

J. Blackburn was yesterday granted a divorce from Mrs. S. J. Blackburn, Judge Smith giving the decree.

Judge York yesterday cited D. Ellsworth, Van Avery and Martin to appear in court today and show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of court in interfering with affairs in the oil wells suit of Griggs vs. Ellsworth, in which O. W. Childs has been appointed receiver.

Alonso Van Avery, charged with assaulting O. W. Childs with a shotgun, was arraigned yesterday before Justice Young, and held for examination in the sum of \$500. The examination was fixed for October 12.

Carl and Albert Dillers, accused of battering their father, were arraigned yesterday before Justice Young and pleaded not guilty. They were held for trial on bonds of \$100 each, and the trial set for October 12.

Board of Supervisors.

At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors yesterday, it was decided that

public notice be given, as ordered by law, of full advertising and publication of the two franchises recently granted for electric street railways, namely: The ordinance granting a special privilege to the Los Angeles and San Gabriel street railway company, to construct, maintain and operate an electric road, and the ordinance, which grants the street railway franchise to the Los Angeles Traction Company.

DANGER, DYNAMITE.

Tend Lightly Whoever Enters the Police Court.

"Danger—keep away." "Tread lightly whoever approaches here," or some similar warning should be emblazoned in large letters on Police Court Clerk Everett's desk. Perhaps the single word "Dynamite" would be a sufficient reminder to the madding throng that the vicinity of the clerk's desk is "dangerous to be near" as a matter of fact it is dynamite that is the cause of danger here.

The interior of Clerk Everett's desk, which is a handsome polished oak, one of the roller-top variety, is a very arsenal of instruments of destruction. All the exhibits in the assault and murder cases brought in the court are stored away in this desk and constitute a choice collection of knives, bills, slungshots, revolvers, etc.

On one side of the desk is the bottle of wine used by William Busby in his attempt to remove Chief Porter Sandy Gardner, so he could get his job, but which resulted instead, in the removal of two other men. The bottle is labeled "Poison" and an orthographic blunder of some member of the detective force who first handled the stuff. At the opposite of the desk is a bottle of carbide beer which, though not very dangerous itself, endangered the license of some reckless saloon-keeper who sold the sparkling beverage on a Sunday.

The most unique exhibit of all, though, is a dynamite bomb which occupies the center of the desk. This is a formidable weapon, being a hollow cast-iron globe about four inches in diameter, and filled with dynamite. It is held in place by a chain by which to carry it, at the other end is a cap or fuse arrangement, and should it explode, it would probably not only wreck the front end of the old City Hall, but would also demolish a number of human beings. Hence the necessity of the part of Clerk Everett to display a dangerous signal. The bomb was filed as evidence in the case of the late Mayor, but it was in any way connected with that celebrated Doughton tragedy.

OIL DISTRICT NOTES.

EXCHANGE SAYS IT HAS CLOSED A TRANSPORTATION DEAL.

Buyers on Long-Term Contracts Refuse to Take Oil and Are Buying from the Producers Who Are Hard Up.

The Oil Exchange, apparently, has something "on a string," whether a stump or a fish is very hard to determine. Its Executive Committee has been holding long and hard sessions on the transportation problem for a long time, and has moved in a mysterious way, which even the oil-women who are members of the "private" class are not permitted to ask anything about.

The Executive Committee quietly boarded the 2 o'clock train for San Francisco yesterday afternoon, with the purpose, as they said, of closing a deal with a transportation company which is to handle the Los Angeles output and distribute it along the coast by means of a line of steamers specially fitted for the traffic. There was a report in circulation that the transportation company with which the exchange claims to have closed a contract, is an Eastern corporation which has a line of steamers plying on the great lakes.

Considerable comment was occasioned by the report that, if steamship transportation should be secured for the Los Angeles oil, the oil would be carried to the landing place of the steamer by means of a pipe line. A pipe line has been proposed to carry the oil from the Los Angeles output and distribute it along the coast by means of a line of steamers specially fitted for the traffic. There was a report in circulation that the transportation company with which the exchange claims to have closed a contract, is an Eastern corporation which has a line of steamers plying on the great lakes.

The local oil producers have a new trouble to contend with. Ever since the bottom fell out of the oil market last year, they have been looking for a way to get their oil to market. Many of them had made contracts before the "slump" came, to sell all the output of their wells for prices ranging from 50 cents to a barrel. Now that the market has fallen, they are finding it difficult to get their oil to market.

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ON SUFFRAGE.

WOMAN'S PARLIAMENT DISCUSSES ITS DIFFERENT PHASES.

The Speaker Believes it Necessary to All Women in Public Life or Out.

The Ballot Means Eventually One Standard of Morals—The Protection of Home and Children.

Artistic House Furnishing Discussed. Election of Officers—Next Place of Meeting Named—A Well-Attended Reception.

The second day of the Woman's Parliament opened yesterday morning and continued through the day with increased attendance and unabated interest. The morning was devoted to a symposium on woman suffrage, the question being viewed from a number of different standpoints.

Mrs. Collette Wheeler of Fairmont was the first to handle the question, viewing from the standpoint of the wife, as to whether she needs suffrage or not. She said the thinking, intelligent wife has no desire to antagonize man, or to usurp one masculine privilege. The ideal wife must expend her activity in every direction. We feel that the time for argument and experiment has almost passed; woman suffrage, limited or unlimited, has been successful wherever tried. It has been declared by both men and women that higher education of woman and co-education would demonstrate her inferiority, and lead to the degradation of both sexes, and to the ruin of the home institution in woman, but the trials of these have been so successful that one of our bitterest opponents, in a recent article, has said: "No one doubts the wisdom and duty of the highest education for women." The admission of married woman to control of her own property, and the right to pass within a generation, is due to the efforts of a few, and was strongly opposed by the majority of women. The world has reached a stage of evolution when the intelligent wife refuses to recede one inch from the vantage ground of personal freedom and intellectual life which she has only gained by the sweat of her brow within the last twenty-five years. Motherhood is truly the great privilege and crown of glory of the wife, but to fulfill her noblest mission has vast responsibility. Woman has a heaven-given right to stand by her husband's side, and to be a child in the eyes of custom and state, but as his equal socially and politically.

Mrs. Katherine Phillips Edson of Manassas, a Vassar graduate, read an interesting and thoughtful paper on "Does the Mother Need Suffrage?" She said if motherhood is the most important phase of creation, why should she be voiceless when the human species has reached the stage of development? Through the schools, churches, parliaments and congresses the world is ruled, and the foundation of society laid for future generations. Since the Creator's early plan of evolution be consummated with motherhood given its proper equal place in the great scheme, or should the social order be represented? It is difficult to speak of an item of public interest that does not affect the mother more keenly than any other member of society. The children are largely molded by her influence, and the influence of those directly about them is her own. Her efforts are good and hereditary has been kind, the mother has a fair chance of seeing her ideals realized, but if she has poverty and kindred evils which to contend, her influence cannot be as great, because she is unable to have them so much in her care, and then it is she feels the great influence from which she suffers. We are expected to take great pride in our public schools, the children of the future, but the schools are they exist today far from the ideal. But the voice of the mother, whose duty it is to protect her children, should be heard. The world is waiting to the fact that the mother's influence has not been felt enough in life's varied phases. She needs the ballot for her own defense and the protection of her children. Young America is growing up with the idea that saloons and brothels are necessary evils, and the social evil is so great and exists in so many different forms that motherhood, to protect both her boys and girls, needs both municipal and State franchise.

The speaker dwelt earnestly on the question of the age of consent in different States, and said that if men had been fighting for years with moral suasion, petition and womanly influence to have it raised to at least 18 years. It is estimated that nine-tenths of the fallen women were ruined before they reached the age of 18. Natural rights are not legal rights. Woman has no right in her child when it is the out of wedlock. Political life as it exists today is anything but honorable, and woman is likely to forsake social life for it. Science is proving that the prenatal influence of the mother is most important, and the mother must have social, financial and political freedom.

Mrs. Mary M. Bowman of Los Angeles, in her paper on the question of suffrage for the unmarried woman, said she needs it because she is a taxpayer, because she is amenable to law, and because it is just. It will give her an equal chance with men, and equal pay for equal work. By the census of 1890, one-third of the population of the United States were women wage-earners, of whom fair proportion are probably owners and taxpayers. Yet women have no voice in saying what they shall be taxed for. They have no voice in making the laws; yet they have to suffer the same penalties as men for its violation. With all her progress, the odds are still against her as a bread-winner. Women are not citizens except in Wyoming and Kansas, the rest of us are inhabitants. Is it not just as great tyranny to tax the women half of the people in life without their consent, as it was for the English king to tax the men half of the people in 1775 without their consent? Aside from legitimate taxes on realty, she is compelled to submit to taxation on bonds for all sorts of wild-cat schemes, without a particle of redress. She is asked to sign petitions to call bond elections, and when election day comes, is not allowed to cast a ballot for or against. She has the privilege, however, of looking on when taxpayers and ignorant foreigners who never owned a cent's worth of property, and never will vote to impose an additional burden on her, frequently when her slender resources are strained to the utmost to meet present liabilities.

Unmarried women are not represented at the polls, assuming for the sake of argument that men can represent women. Their fathers and brothers are representing some other woman, and it is not possible for one man's opinion to count for an entire relationship. She needs the ballot to convince men that she is neither an angel nor a devil. Man is woman's shield and protection, and the only foe she has to fear. The ballot has a broader meaning than the simple casting of a piece of paper into a box, it means eventually one standard of morality.

The need of the ballot by the working woman was presented by Mrs. Gabriella T. Stickney, a zealous worker in the Salvation Army. She considered the working-woman as one who performs

manual labor, and said that by faithful and competent work, women have dignified labor. The daily contact with man has brought woman to estimate him at his true worth. The slavish toil of women in the sweating system was dwelt upon by the speaker, and condemned in unmeasured terms. She said that the children are the only treasures of the working-woman, and she needs laws to enable her to protect them.

In considering the need of the ballot by the business woman, Miss Harriet Strong of Whittier said that if the man in business needs a vote, the woman in business needs it likewise, and for the same reason. The business woman needs a vote in her commercial relation with the government through necessary representative legislation. She needs it in her property relations with the government, through taxation, and needs it in her personal relation with the business world itself, to give importance to her opinion, weight to her argument, attention to her measures. She needs it to remove the time-honored obstacles that handicap her at every point, making her business experience full of unnecessary complications.

Mrs. Moody of this city considered the question from the professional woman's standpoint, and said that while there has been a great advance in the medical profession the last forty years, the profession remained a good deal to be done before her position will equal man's. Many positions of prominence and public appointments are given to the man because he has a vote. In the matter of the lawyer, no matter how capable she is, she cannot hold the responsible position like that of a judge or justice of the peace.

Elizabeth Young Gordon of Lombard, read a paper on the need of politics for woman suffrage, which was a breezy summary of the question, full of sparkling wit and clever humor, and was well received. The afternoon session was devoted to an address on "Artistic House-Furnishing," by Mrs. Seymour Locke, who offered many ideas for both rich and poor. The speaker dwelt on the monotonous furnishing of their homes, and a brief discussion followed this paper, and a deep interest was shown in this department by the audience.

Mrs. Elmina T. Stephens, the retiring president, made a few remarks in her own most charming way, saying that she believed in a stage in woman's evolution and will always regard home as the most sacred place in the world, but she must have the ballot to protect that home and her children. Mrs. Stephens heartily thanked the women of the parliament for their faithful and unflinching support and aid, and closed with a few graceful words concerning her successor.

The election of officers then took place, resulting in the election of Mrs. Kate Tupper Galpin as president of the parliament, Mrs. Helen B. Keyes as general secretary, and Mrs. Laura H. Fay as treasurer. The officers for Los Angeles county are: Mrs. Emily C. Brady of Pomona president, and Mrs. Glendora Kyle of Pasadena secretary; for Riverside county, Mrs. N. E. Johnston; for San Bernardino county, Mrs. Bernardino county, Mrs. Margaret H. White and Mrs. P. W. Hadden; for Orange county, Mrs. W. L. Bartlett of Tustin and Mrs. Lizzie H. Mills of Santa Ana; for Santa Barbara, Mrs. Emily G. Wright and Miss Susan Wade; for San Diego, Mrs. Theodora B. Shepherd and Mrs. Annie Baker; for San Diego, Mrs. Flora M. Kimball and Mrs. Grace Riddle.

The evening a pleasant reception was given the parliament at the Friday Morning Club rooms, which were prettily decorated with palms and vases. In one corner a pretty bower, where refreshments was dispensed by the Misses Minnie North and Agnes Green, and in another corner by the Misses Grace Maynard and Grace Evans. The Hospitality Committee included Mrs. Priddyham, chairman, Misses Osgood, Wadleigh, Longley, Dr. Louise Harvey, Miss Willis and Miss Collier.

The spring meeting of the parliament will be held at Santa Ana.

LIVESTOCK INTERESTED.

L. Flood Now on Trial for Cruelty to Animals.

The trial of L. Flood for cruelty to animals attracted quite a number of livestock and veterinarians to Justice Morrison's court yesterday afternoon. Great interest is taken in the case, for the reason that the decision is expected to precede in the city any action to the hiring and abuse of horses.

Flood, the defendant, is a man of means and a citizen of good standing, having never before been arrested for any offense, alleged or otherwise. Naturally he objects to being convicted of cruelty to a dumb brute, and is making every effort to establish his innocence. Ex-Humane Officer Hutchins and the livestock of the city generally are anxious to have it go on record that a man who treats a hired horse as Mr. Flood is alleged to have treated this one shall be held accountable.

The testimony showed that Flood, some weeks ago, hired a horse and buggy at the Eagle saloon on Broadway. In company with his wife he drove to Florence and return, the round trip taking about twenty miles at a distance. When the horse was brought back it was dripping with sweat and his hide was marked with big welts which the whip had been applied. The proprietor remarked, as he saw the condition of the animal:

"Yes, when you give me an old skate that can't travel," replied Flood, or words to that effect.

The livestock men then called in the Humane Officer and several veterinarians and horsemen to witness that the horse had been cruelly treated. These witnesses testified to that effect at the trial. One witness also testified that Flood drove the animal at a rapid speed across a plowed field, using the whip freely to make it travel.

Flood, on the witness-stand, admitted that he did not consider the animal fit to drive. He had asked for a good horse, and a poor one was given him. It did not take long to find this out, but he thought perhaps when the animal got warmed up, it would travel all right, but he had to use the whip to "persuade" it to make time. However, he did not lash it severely, and when he struck a bad piece of road he allowed it to walk.

Flood also had expert witnesses, who examined the horse a few hours after its return to the stable, and they testified that they could find no evidence of cruel lashing.

Deputy Sheriff White, a witness for the prosecution, testified that he drove the same horse twenty-six miles on the day preceding the one on which Flood rented the animal, and did not have to use the whip at all, as the horse was a good traveler.

Zue G. Peck is attorney for the defendant. Deputy District Attorney James conducted the prosecution. Owing to the lateness of the hour when the testimony was concluded, the case was submitted without argument. Justice Morrison took it under advisement, that he might more thoroughly review the evidence.

One Year in Jail.

Henry W. Dean, the Visalia postmaster, convicted of embezzlement of government money, appeared for sentence in the United States District Court yesterday. He was sentenced to the "Tulare County Jail" for a term of one year and was fined in the sum of \$181.55. Deputy Marshal Oaks left with Dean for Visalia last night.

NEWS OF CYCLING.

NATIONAL CIRCUIT RACE MEETS IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Road-riders Waiting for Rain to Improve the Highways—Election of the League of American Wheelmen—Presided by Political Tactics.

Just at present racing is almost the only thing that the wheelmen of Southern California, at all the great Eastern racing men are on their way to the land of sundown and will take part in a lot of race meets in this part of the State next month.

All of the southern part of the State has some wild on racing. At the quarter-mile oval of the Athletic Club the racing men collect like bees in clover. Every afternoon the little track is almost hidden by the men training there.

The National Circuit, as the big race has been called this year, has been extended to California, and tournaments are already scheduled for Santa Rosa and San Jose in the North, and Los Angeles, Santa Ana, Riverside and San Bernardino in the South. Pomona and Redlands will also conduct meets if their new tracks can be completed in time. The road riders are waiting for the rain to improve the horrible condition of the roads. The Times Bicycle Club will be largely depended on to Pasadena last week, and many riders made the run to Santa Monica last Sunday.

The Roanoke has a run to Chahuenga Valley next Sunday afternoon to attend their monthly five-mile handicap road race on the Chahuenga course. The East Side Cycling Club is having quite a boom, and its new uniforms will attract much favorable comment. The boys are also putting their original emblem on all their wearables. Last Sunday the East Sides had a well-attended run to Monrovia.

The Los Angeles Wheelmen held their monthly meeting at the Athletic Club Tuesday evening. Nothing of importance was done.

Last evening the Citrus met and took action on the proposed clubhouse on Twenty-sixth street. The club members will turn out at the Santa Monica races in the new black uniform and triangle emblem.

Work will begin next week on the old quarter-mile bicycle track at Athletic Park. About \$600 will be spent in enlarging and improving the track. The track will be five feet on the turns and will be made twenty feet wide. This is being done for the three-day meet on the national circuit which is set for November 21-23. About \$3000 will be expended on the national meet by the local committee in charge, and the prizes will be better than ever given in this State before this season.

The Los Angeles Road Club gave a dance a few evenings ago, and this club is on the boom like the other clubs. San Diego ought to get up a meet so that enterprising wheel center would catch the Santa Monica races.

The Santa Monica tournament on the 19th inst. will be a splendid lot of races and the first tandem race in this city for a long time. The track is very fast and smooth. It is too bad that there are not a lot of bicycle races at the Y. M. C. A. field day next Saturday, as all the young men are in fine condition and training daily. Several Northern men have all ready arrived and are getting used to the dangerous turns on yellow clay.

Fresno is arranging to get up a meet for the national circuit and will probably catch the Eastern flyers on Monday, November 18, two days after the Santa Rosa meet.

Santa Ana deserves a big success for its circuit meet, as the hustlers among the Orange County wheelmen are getting down to hard work and have profited by the hastily gotten up meet of last month. President Monaghan is a host in himself, and he is a big worker. All of Orange county will be stirred up and a finely illustrated souvenir is being prepared to advertise the two-day meet set for November 27 and 28. Thanksgiving day is a good date for bicycle racing and there is no reason why Santa Ana should not draw thousands of spectators if the preparatory work is done well.

Pomona's new club started in this week to talk big and has already accomplished more than some towns have in months. It is said that an enterprising citizen there has offered the site free for a year and the club both of the banks have contributed \$1000 apiece. The style of the track will be almost a copy of the Pasadena track on the Santa Ana track plan, and are to be used. Pomona has a lively club just organized that will become a L. A. W. club soon.

The Riverside wheelmen have had the date of their national circuit meet changed from November 30 to December 2 and have arranged a six-day programme with good prizes, too. All other clubs will have to hustle to keep up with the Riverside, who have always been leaders in whatever they undertook.

Will Burke is training on the Santa Ana track for the circuit races and is helping to build up a fine bicycle store here. San Diego is talking bicycle track again and it looks more like a track than ever. The mile Coronado track is one of the fastest in the country, but it is too far from the center of town. The proposed track, if built, as seems probable, will be in San Diego and on Fourth street.

San Bernardino wheelmen have decided upon a meet for next month and hope to have a new grandstand and fence built before then. The track will be improved some also. The location and shape of the San Bernardino track is excellent and all that is needed to make it one of the most popular tracks in the State is to complete the banking according to the Denver track plans. The San Bernardino Wheelmen is a small club or the track would have been completed long ago. New members are coming in now though and the local papers are helping the boys.

Redlands has always been a hustling town and in cycling it is no exception. The choice of H. A. Luther, secretary of the Redlands Cycling Club, on the resignation of C. C. Monaghan, was a wise move for the board of governors of the A. C. C. Mr. Luther is an up-to-date worker for cycling and with L. C. Groce of Redlands, who is the present secretary of the Associated Clubs, the confederation has a team in charge that is hard to beat.

Next Sunday morning a lot of local racing men are going to try the new track at Santa Monica and see if they cannot ride faster than they ever did before. The same old trouble is bothering



Tons of Gold

were captured by the Spaniards in the beautiful city of the Incas, but Peru's greatest treasure was still hidden in her forests—L. C. Peruvian Bark, the principal ingredient of the famous

Peruvian Bitters

the only never-failing remedy against malarial fevers, colds, etc., a perfect tonic and nerve; a prompt relief of dyspepsia, heartburn, and sluggishness of any of the digestive functions.

WATKINS & CO., San Francisco. All druggists and dealers.

most of the clubs on country runs, namely, scorching. Scorching will kill country runs in any club unless that club is a club made up of scorches, and such a club will not keep together very long.

One of the most famous road-riders ten years ago, was Dr. George Blackman of Dunbar, N. Y., at one time one of the executive officers of the League of American Wheelmen. He used to say that six miles an hour was fast enough for him, and if others went along who wanted to go faster, that the road was still left behind them, and that he would never go any faster than his regular clip. That was a good theory, and at the time he used, like President Bates of Detroit, to write much on road riding, and many profited thereby. Since then has come universal cycling, high gears, light wheels and the scorch.

Not long ago there was a club run, and after a hard "scorch" in which a tandem set the pace for some racing men and others who were not hardened for scorching, it was a sad sight to look those young men who had overtaxed both nerves and muscles.

Some constitutions can stand a lot of abuse and punishment, but there is a limit. Occasional scorching is all right, but a wheelman dies from scorching, but many suffer in after years, when it is too late to remedy the criminal carelessness.

The great Bald has been seen on a hundred-mile run across country with the same worn-out look. But he never tried it but once. He knew when to stop. That is why most of them make the mistake. Last winter Bald said, while on a short road run, that he should never try again to do a hundred miles in a day for fun, and probably never in a race. Eddie Bald had a chum who did not know when to stop scorching or overtaxing his strength, and he was a member of "Our Eds" club. He had just begun to make both the club and himself famous, poor George.

was taken to his last resting-place by his mother, and he was finally reached the top rung in the ladder of cycle-racing fame by taking care of himself and leaving scorching to other clubs.

It seems impossible to teach young men—and some of the young women, for that matter—that scorching on a bicycle is a bad habit, and that training with good judgment, is sure to result injuriously.

Little Danger from Infection. Recent reports of the Marine Hospital Service show that in the city of New Orleans, La., between September 14 and 21, there were reported twelve cases of smallpox. At Havana, Cuba, there were thirty-nine deaths from yellow fever from September 12 to 19. At Vera Cruz, Mex., between September 12 and 19 there were five deaths from yellow fever. President Davidson of the State Board of Health says that the yellow fever would probably be a dangerous disease if it were to obtain a foothold in this city. It is especially true in view of the fact that cold weather is approaching. While the approach of winter may increase the danger of smallpox invasion, yet there is no apprehension that the quarantine service will not prove effectual in keeping it out of California.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE. Genuine Washington coat for one week \$10.00 per ton. Columbia Coal Company, room 29, Temple Block, telephone 538.

COLUMBUS Buggy Co.'s buggies wear well.

WORTH LOOKING AT. The time you are in the drug store where you get the privilege of examining a bottle of Tip Top Cough Syrup. Open it up, and you will find a number of testimonials, and you will find a number of testimonials, and you will find a number of testimonials. The price of Tip Top is 50c a bottle.

Rambler Bicycles. High Above All Others in... SPEED, TYPE, SHAPE, SIMPLICITY.

THOS. H. B. VARNEY. 427 S. Spring St. Riding School on the Premises.

The Thistle BICYCLE. Has Few Equals And No Superiors.

Have you seen our "Gem of Them All" with 26 inch wheels, 40 in. wheel base, that only weighs 20 pounds?

Emil Ulbricht Thistle Agent. 438 South Spring Street.

WE ARE NOT TO BLAME

If you don't avail yourself of the golden opportunity now presented to buy good goods at FORCED LOW PRICES.

YOU ARE TO BLAME

If you put off your purchasing until some other time, for we are giving you a special advantage NOW while we are making the losses which are necessary to our immediate wants.

TRUE ECONOMY lies in buying good things; good things need not always be high priced either; there's a certain hard wall of facts and figures, however, that stands between possibility and prodigal promises. There are certain prices below which no honest merchandise can be bought, these prices are ours, and you CAN and OUGHT to get the benefit by attending OUR FORCED OCTOBER SALE.

The J. M. Hale Company.

Big Cut in Black Dress Goods.

Comprising all the latest novelties from the Eastern and European markets. Styles the very latest, weaves the prettiest to be seen any where, and at such prices; look in our North Star Window.

All Wool Cable Stripes at 45c.

We have about 10 pieces of these goods which are marked down from 65c a yard to 45c; are 38 in. wide, all wool in narrow, medium and wide stripes.

Black Brocade Mattasse at 75c

If you want something that is in great favor this season, call for this line, full 48 in. in width, all wool, neat, pretty figures and good value, \$1.00.

Black 48 in. Boucle Cloth at \$1.

This is a line of goods we bought very heavily of, and have been selling very rapidly; we must sacrifice some of these, and put the \$1.25 grade in at \$1. Extra Value.

Black Taffetta Silk at 75c.

10 pieces just opened, 24 in. plain black Taffetta, very fine quality, all silk and bought to be sold for \$1; we will run these this week for 75c a yard.

Novelty Dress Suitings at 50c.

Here's a line of about 20 pieces; goods of finest weaves and correct styles, which have been selling from \$1 to \$1.60 per yard; in stripes, checks and broads; will be closed out at the sale at 50c a yard.

Domestic Experience Big Reductions.

There's economy in this department; if you will take the trouble to examine we will prove it to you.

Table Damask, Bleached at 25c.

10 pieces bleached table damask, 60 in. wide, nice heavy quality and pretty patterns; never sold less than 35 and 40c; price named for sale is 25c.

White Marseilles Pattern Bed Spreads \$1.

We "Beat the World" on this line of goods; here's a very fine and heavy white 12-4 regularly, reduced to \$1; special.

Elderdown Flannels.

Without doubt we have the most complete assortment of these goods to be found in the city; in plain and fancy, beautiful Angora finished in checks and plaids; selling from 35c to \$1 per yard.

All Linen Huck Towels, \$1.25 doz.

25 doz. to be slaughtered. The balance of this week we will offer a limited number of the regular \$1.75 towel at \$1.25 doz; size 17x38, hemmed or fringed, a big job bought by our San Francisco house and worth double the money.

Bleached Muslin, 30 yds. for \$1.

During this sale we are going to close out one case of bleached muslin, soft finished for the needs at 31-3c per yard, \$1 worth only to any one customer.

Tolle du Nord and Fine Gingham 7c.

One solid stature of tolle du nord gray look and other standard brands to be sacrificed; the regular price on these goods is 10c and 12½c yd, but "room wanted" and they go.

French Percalés at 8-1-3c yd.

Our whole line of 86 inch fine percales to be slaughtered; former price 12½c yd. Think of buying such goods at these prices with all cotton goods steadily advancing.

Victoria Lawns at 5c.

Our entire line of forty thread, Victoria lawns, full 27 inches wide, to be closed out at 5c per yard; sold all season at 10c; note the number of threads and match at double the price if you can.

Bengal Irish Lawns at 5c.

25 pieces of 88 inch Bengal Irish lawns in cadet and navy blue ground, with pretty stripes and figures; sold all season at 12½c, will be closed out at 5c yard.

Black Saten Corsets at 40c.

We have about 2 doz. odd sizes black saten corsets; warranted equal to any 50c corset in the market which will be closed out at 40c. If you can find your size this is a bargain.

Special Cut in Pocketbooks.

Just received a special delivery of fine purses and shopping-bags, sterling silver trimmings and extra values, to be sold at cut rate prices from 20c to \$3.50.

We are selling the celebrated York Bias Velvet Skirt facing; warranted 4 yds. to piece for 12½c.

IF YOU SUFFER

From Your Own Folly

Consult the—

Expert Specialists

—OF—

The California Medical and Surgical Institute,

241 S. Main Street, Los Angeles.

NERVOUS, Chronic and PRIVATE Diseases are treated by our Specialists with wonderful success. Our new method of treatment supplies VIGOR, VITALITY and MANHOOD. CURES GUARANTEED in all cases undertaken. CONSULT FREE. NO FEE. FIDENCE. 6:00 hours, from 10 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays 10 to 12. 241 S. Main St.

Now is your chance. Genuine Washington coat for one week \$10.00 per ton. Columbia Coal Company, room 29, Temple Block, telephone 538.

COLUMBUS Buggy Co.'s buggies wear well.

WORTH LOOKING AT. The time you are in the drug store where you get the privilege of examining a bottle of Tip Top Cough Syrup. Open it up, and you will find a number of testimonials, and you will find a number of testimonials. The price of Tip Top is 50c a bottle.

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Black Brocade Mattasse at 75c

If you



WORD-SAVING POEM.

Some cooks bake with cottons,
Some cooks bake with lard,
Some folks use no grease at all,
But their crusts are mighty hard.

Some men chew their plug tobacco,
Some men chew the tag,
Some men never wear their jaw
Except to chew the rag.

Some men put their ads in papers,
Some men put them on the fence,
Some men never advertise,
Who ought to have more sense.

(Mankato (Minn.) Review.)

Henry J. Kramer will reopen his school for dancing, deportment and the German Saturday evening, October 12, 12:30; juvenile class advance, Saturday, October 12, 3:30; adult class beginners, Monday, October 14, 7:30; adult class advance, Wednesday, October 16, 8:00; fancy dance class, Wednesday, October 16, 4:30. References required from all applicants.

The Y.M.C.A. Field sports which take place at the Athletic Park Saturday, October 12, at 2 p.m., bid fair to be one of the field sports of the season. Y.M.C.A. in the State will be represented by good athletes. The admission will be 25 cents.

Importation of Dutch bulbs, such as hyacinths, tulips, narcissus, ranunculus, anemones, etc., just arrived in excellent condition. None is held in plant. Seed Department, Germain Fruit Company, 145 South Main street.

Corbett, champion of the world, can be seen in a great fight with Courtney at Tally's photograph parlor, No. 248 South Spring street. This is the fight which has created so much excitement in the East in the Edison kinesiograph.

Don't miss it. A great curiosity, valued at \$25,000, now on exhibition in our middle window. See display ed. London Clothing Co., Nos. 119 to 125 North Spring street.

An interesting lecture by Rev. H. P. Wilson, "Three Days' Trip around the Bay of Naples," at the Third Presbyterian Church, Friday evening, October 11.

Lillias, No. 455 South Broadway; opening of new goods just received from New York. Balance of stock first exhibited sold at reduced prices.

Adult class Friday evening, masters and misses Saturday at 3. Children under 10 at 1:30. Alfrey School, No. 226 South Spring street.

Tomorrow night in the First Congregational Church, the "Whitman Ride" stereoscopic lecture will be the event of the season.

A sectional map of the five southern counties of California, given away with each prepaid yearly subscription to the Daily Times.

Tailors' cloths for ladies' capes, cloaks and dresses. Moffitt's wholesale cloth store, 15 California Bank building.

A fine Oxford Bible will be given free with each prepaid yearly mail subscription to the Daily Times.

The Keating brothers, the American twenty-five-mile road record at New Bedford, Mass., September 2.

Don't forget "Whitman's Ride," in First Congregational Church, Friday evening, A. A. A. A.

Join the Y.W.C.A. Spanish class with Prof. Bransby, at 7 p.m. today, No. 107 North Spring street.

School of Art Needlework, No. 110 West Second street, Mrs. Brasseman, requires apprentices.

Harry J. Kramer will reopen his school for dancing and deportment Saturday, October 12.

New Columbia bicycles and tandems for rent at Stephens & Hickok's, No. 433 South Broadway.

Munyon's Remedies. A full line at C. Laux Co.'s, No. 142 South Spring street.

Hotel Broadway gives a chicken dinner tonight that can't be beat: 25 cents.

Kregelo & Bresse, funeral directors, corner Sixth and Broadway, Tel. 248.

Choicest of the market at the Koester Cafe, No. 140 South Spring.

For Eastern and California oysters on shell go to Hollenbeck Cafe.

The Keating is now the leading wheel in Chicago.

One dollar and fifty cent gloves, \$1. Unique.

See Silverwood about underwear.

The Homeopathic Medical Society of Southern California is meeting at the Echo Mountain House.

The Commercial Club Band, an excellent new musical organization, serenaded The Times last evening, after the Central Park concert.

The excellent programme of race events at the coming Sixth District Fair has been published in convenient form. It gives details of great sport.

Telegrams for the following persons are at the Western Union Telegraph Company's office this day: Byron S. Cotes, E. H. Cotes, Mrs. H. W. Strong, Mrs. John Duncan.

Acting Fire Chief Smith has received a letter from Chief Moore written at Philadelphia. The Chief says he saw the parade of the Liberty Bell team, and the demonstration was patriotic enough to suit almost anybody.

Today occurs the international day of prayer for Young Women's Christian associations. Provision for observing this is courteously made upon the programme of the Young Men's Christian Association Convention early this afternoon under the topic, "Spiritual Work."

Mr. and Mrs. Guy J. K. Bigelow have the sympathy of their large circle of friends in the loss of their infant son, Windsor Drury Bigelow, who died on the 7th inst., aged 19 days. The sunshiny brought into the Bigelow family by the baby was too soon dispelled by the shadow of Death's wings. The funeral was held yesterday from the family residence, No. 530 West Thirtieth street.

BILL IN EQUITY.

A bill in equity was filed in the United States Circuit Court yesterday in the case of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company vs. Oregon Improvement Company. The action, which was commenced in another court, was extended to this court in order to cover certain property of the defendant in the jurisdiction of this court. The suit is over a failure to pay interest on a mortgage.

LITTLE LOSS BY FIRE.

If there will be no fire in the city for five days more, the record will be broken. There has been no fire alarm for twelve days and the longest time on record is seventeen days. During the month of September there were ten alarms, nine of them being from fire alarm boxes, and one by telephone. The estimated total losses by fire in the city during September amounted to \$160.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.

Genuine Wellington coal for one week \$10.50 per ton. Coleman Coal Company, room 29, Temple Block, telephone 536.

'Tis a boon to the baldheaded, Smith's Dandruff Pomade.

KERN COUNTY CRANKY.

WILL NOT SEND AN EXHIBIT TO LOS ANGELES.

The Supervisors Heard That Disparaging Remarks Were Made—More Urging in Favor of the Atlanta Exhibit—For a New Character.

At the meeting of the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday, a communication was read from the Kern Valley Land Company to the effect that Kern county had decided not to put an exhibit into the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce because the chairman of the Board of Supervisors stated that on a recent visit to Los Angeles he had overheard disparaging remarks made about Kern county by citizens of Los Angeles, and for that reason the Supervisors had rescinded their action with regard to taking space in the chamber. It was moved and carried that space be no longer reserved for Kern county.

A communication was read from Mrs. Lucy U. McCann, who has been appointed by the Half-million Club to represent the State at Atlanta, asking that the chamber take some action for the presentation of the interests of this section at Atlanta. The secretary was instructed to return thanks to her for her interest in the matter and to explain that the chamber now has two representatives at Atlanta in the persons of Frank Wiggins and wife, and that the matter was not at hand for the employment of others.

A resolution was presented and carried inviting the grand encampment of the L.O.P.E. of State, which meets in the city of Stockton October 15, to hold its next annual meeting in 1895 in this city.

It was moved and carried that the president appoint a committee of five, and request the Merchants' Association and Board of Trade to appoint similar committees, the three committees to confer together and consider the advisability of asking the appointment of freeholders to prepare a new city charter.

The matter of the appointment of delegates was appointed by the president, with the concurrence of the Committee on Mines to take immediate action.

Later in the day the following-named delegates were appointed by the president, with the concurrence of the Committee on Mines: F. W. Edelstein, J. C. C. Price and S. T. Penberthy.

The names of several delinquents were presented by the Committee on Membership and they were dropped from the roll by order of the board. The firm of Lissner & Co. were elected to membership in the chamber.

PERSONALS.

Dr. Tucker has returned from his Eastern trip.

Mrs. A. C. Hand of San Diego is at the Hollenbeck.

John A. Gobson and wife of Northport are at the Westminster.

Silas George and wife of San Francisco are at the Nadeau.

Postoffice Inspector Flint is in San Francisco on a business trip.

J. M. McDonald and wife of Dubuque, Iowa, are among the arrivals at the Hollenbeck.

Mrs. C. S. Master and daughter of Phoenix, Ariz., are quartered at the Hollenbeck.

Among the latest arrivals at the Hotel Tremont are William E. Hoge and his mother, Mrs. S. S. Hoge, of Philadelphia; H. M. Pritchard, Wichita, Kan.; L. Lloyd, Berkeley.

Mr. and Mrs. Truman G. Palmer, after spending the summer on their ranch at Little Rock, are in Los Angeles for a few days, stopping at the Hotel Lincoln. They leave the last of the week for their home in Chicago.

Gen. H. A. Pierce received word from Kingsburg, Fresno county, informing him of the death of his brother, George A. Pierce. He left last night for the place. The deceased was an old settler, having come there twenty-five years ago.

Joseph Schoder with his two children returned home yesterday from the East, after an absence of two months. Mr. Schoder visited many manufacturing concerns in all parts of the East and reports a very gratifying improvement in the general business.

BOARD OF TRADE.

The regular monthly meeting of the directors of the Board of Trade was held yesterday morning. A resolution was adopted seconding the invitation of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Southern California to the National W. C. T. U. to hold its convention of 1895 in this city. J. M. Elliott was appointed to represent the Board of Trade at a "road parliament" to be held in the hall of the House of Representatives at Atlanta on October 17, 18 and 19 at the invitation of the Governor and Assembly of the State of Georgia and the local and exposition authorities. Mr. Elliott left for Atlanta last evening.

A DWELLING BURNED.

An alarm was turned in at 11 o'clock last evening for a fire in the cottage at No. 456 South Chicago street, owned and occupied by W. E. Hancock and his family as a residence. The house was totally destroyed. It was worth about \$1000 and was insured for \$1000. Hancock is a grimman in the employ of the Boyle Heights line and was at his work when the fire occurred. His wife was visiting a neighbor and the origin of the fire is not known.

HER MOTHER LOCATED.

The publication in The Times of the fact that a girl named Katie Fitzgerald in New York, wanted to find her mother, Maggie Fitzgerald, in this city revealed the fact that the latter is living at No. 439 South Flower street. The mother came to Postmaster Van Dusen, who received the letter from the daughter, and acted as if overjoyed at hearing from her girl.

READY TO ORGANIZE.

The heretofore mentioned new building loan association will be fully organized on Thursday and Friday evenings of this week at the Hollenbeck Hotel, with our \$100,000 capital stock sold, and with such a list of subscribers as will guarantee success.

M. H. Y. YOUNG, Organizer.

NEW CARPET STORE. NO. 406 SOUTH BROADWAY. We are selling at following prices: Velvet carpets, best, \$1 yard. Ragby carpets, best, 75c yard. Tapestry carpets, 50c yard. Ingrain carpets, 30c yard. Ingrain stair carpets, 30c yard. Matting, 10c yard. Linoleum, 40c yard. Rugs, door mats, cheap.

C. A. JUDD,

Broadway and Fourth.

DEATH RECORD.

BELL—In this city, George H. Bell, aged 70, beloved father of Samuel H. and Libbie Bell and Mrs. Frank Bishop.

Funeral from residence, No. 333 West Twenty-first street, Thursday at 2:30 p.m. Friends invited to attend.

MOURNING hats and bonnets rented. No charge to customers. Zobel's, 219 S. Spring.

Don't Miss It.

A great curiosity valued at \$25,000 now on exhibition in our middle window. A life-sized carved figure of the Jiricksha cooile that saved the life of the Czarowitz, the present Czar of Russia.

The figure is attached to the identical vehicle in which the Czarowitz sat at the time of the incident referred to. These cooiles travel as far as an ordinary horse, averaging from 25 to 30 miles a day.

This is the first public exhibition in this country of the figure. We have secured it for one week only, at a great expense. From here it goes to San Francisco and thence east.

DON'T MISS IT.

LONDON CLOTHING COMPANY

HARRIS & FRANK, Props.

119 to 125 N. Spring St.

The New...

"Elite,"

With new Millinery.

Latest in Styles, and

No "Fancy" Prices.

257 S. Broadway.

BYRNE BUILDING.

Have you a Watch on you?

If not you can save big money today at our SPECIAL WATCH SALE.

HERE ARE A FEW TRADE WINNERS: Ladies' Nickel Chatelaine Watches, stem wind and set, a regular \$10.00 watch, our price today... \$2.45

Ladies' Coin Silver Watches, stem wind and set, a regular \$10.00 watch, our price today... \$3.95

Solid Gold Watches, stem wind and set, a regular \$18.00 watch, our price today... \$9.50

DON'T MISS IT.

Burger's,

213 S. Spring st.

HOLLENBECK HOTEL BLOCK

PAINE'S CILERY COMPOUND

MAKES PEOPLE WELL.

JOE POHEIM, THE TAILOR.

Makes the best clothes in the State

At 25 Per Cent Less

THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE.

SUITS

Made to Order from \$20

PANTS

Made to Order from \$5

FINE TAILORING AT MODERATE PRICES

Rules for self-measurement and samples of cloth sent free for all orders.

NO. 143 S. SPRING STREET

LOS ANGELES.

J. F. HENDERSON, Manager.

THOMAS & ELLINGTON,

Prescription Druggists.

Corner of Temple and Spring Streets.

OPEN ALL NIGHT.

C. F. Heinzeman,

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST.

NORTH MAIN ST. Lanfranco Building.

Telephone 60. Los Angeles, Cal.



Genuine Electric Fur Marten Collar. Our price... \$17.50

20th Century Styles Coats and Capes

Coney Cape, \$7.50 each.

The real French Coney; 27 inches long and full 100 sweep. Large square storm collar. This elegant garment is lined throughout with black twilled silk. Others ask \$10 for a 24-inch Coney Cape. 'Twill pay to see ours.

Lynx Capes \$9 each.

The black lynx with the "hair-up." Its full 27 inches long and 100 sweep. Black silk lining. Large storm collar. Rather a difference between our price and \$12.50, the price others ask for a same grade 24 inch garment.

Electric Capes \$12 each.

They're 24 inches long; full 90 sweep; real, pure whole-skin Electric seal. We show the garment entirely ripped open to expose the nature of the skins we use. Black Satin Rhadame lined throughout. Others ask \$16 for similar looking garments. What are they?

Seal Fur Capes \$17.50.

Twentieth century beauties. Extra quality electric seal fur; 24 inches long; 90 full sweep. Large storm collar made of genuine Marten fur. Marten fur trimming down entire front; heavy black satin lining. Our price is not \$22.50 but \$17.50. Won't you see them!



The "Nordica".....\$35.00
20th Century Cape.

Pretty, Peerless Pauline Hall....

Dress Goods. Whether there be much or little expenditure intended, here is more than good value for it. They're all great values at honest bargain prices.

At 25c per yard.

Strictly all-wool Navy Blue and Black Serges. Twenty-five cents per yard is just one-half the regular value.

At 35c and 39c per yd.

Illuminated Suitings that are close copies of \$3 novelties; they are 60c with others, 85c a yard with us. Forty-inch BOUCLES in every shade made and in black for 39c, that you'd admit readily worth 60c.

An Immense Line of Black Goods 29c yd.

Your own interests are at stake if you need a good serviceable black dress and don't take advantage of our present prices.

At 50c per yard

we are showing a grand array of matchless price bargains in high-class fabrics: SILK and WOOL mixtures, BOUCLE NOVELTIES in the raging stylish color combinations and in black; PLAIDS at 50c a yard in every clannish pattern and design known, elegant exclusive shirt and dress waist patterns.

Black Stuffs at 50c yd.

Novelty Armures, the pure dye, jet black; 1895's correct fall appareling. Not yard worth under 75c. Great assortments.

At 75c per yard.

All-wool Camel's-hair Plaids in the subdued shades; Silk and Wool French Novelties in illuminated, changeable color combinations and in checks, stripes, brocades and fancy plaid designs. A GRAND SPECIAL in BLACK is our BLACK SATIN SOLEIL at 75c.

At \$1 per yard.

The world renowned "PRIESTLY" Black Novelties in over twenty different patterns and worth up to \$1.75 per yard. An assortment of high-class Colored Dress Goods second to none in America for exclusiveness in designs and moderation in price.

A. Hamburger & Sons.

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Will sing at the theater this week. Look to your OPERA BONNETS—Ours are on exhibition now. The very latest correct creations are at the PEOPLE'S STORE. Opera Bonnets trimmed to order on short notice.

Silks.

To want silks and buy without seeing our stock is to take "windfalls" when the fruit-laden tree is before you.

Good qualities at low prices are generally pretty scarce. Had we not foreseen that values would advance and bought largely we would not today be able to offer these splendid values.

At 49c per yd.

Light and medium shades in Fancy Silks, splendid Combination Silks in Reseda and rose, pink and tan, yellow and cream, blue and white and blue and black. BLACK GROUND SILKS in an endless variety of fancy figured stripes, brocades in plain stripes, mottled and other effects. These silks are all values up to 65c yard.

At 59c per yd.

Silks you cannot buy under 85c a yard. ILLUMINATED NOVELTY ARMURES, brown mixed with cardinal and tan, blue mixed with magenta and white, old gold mixed with black and tan. FANCY TAFFETAS and FANCY STRIPED GLACES.